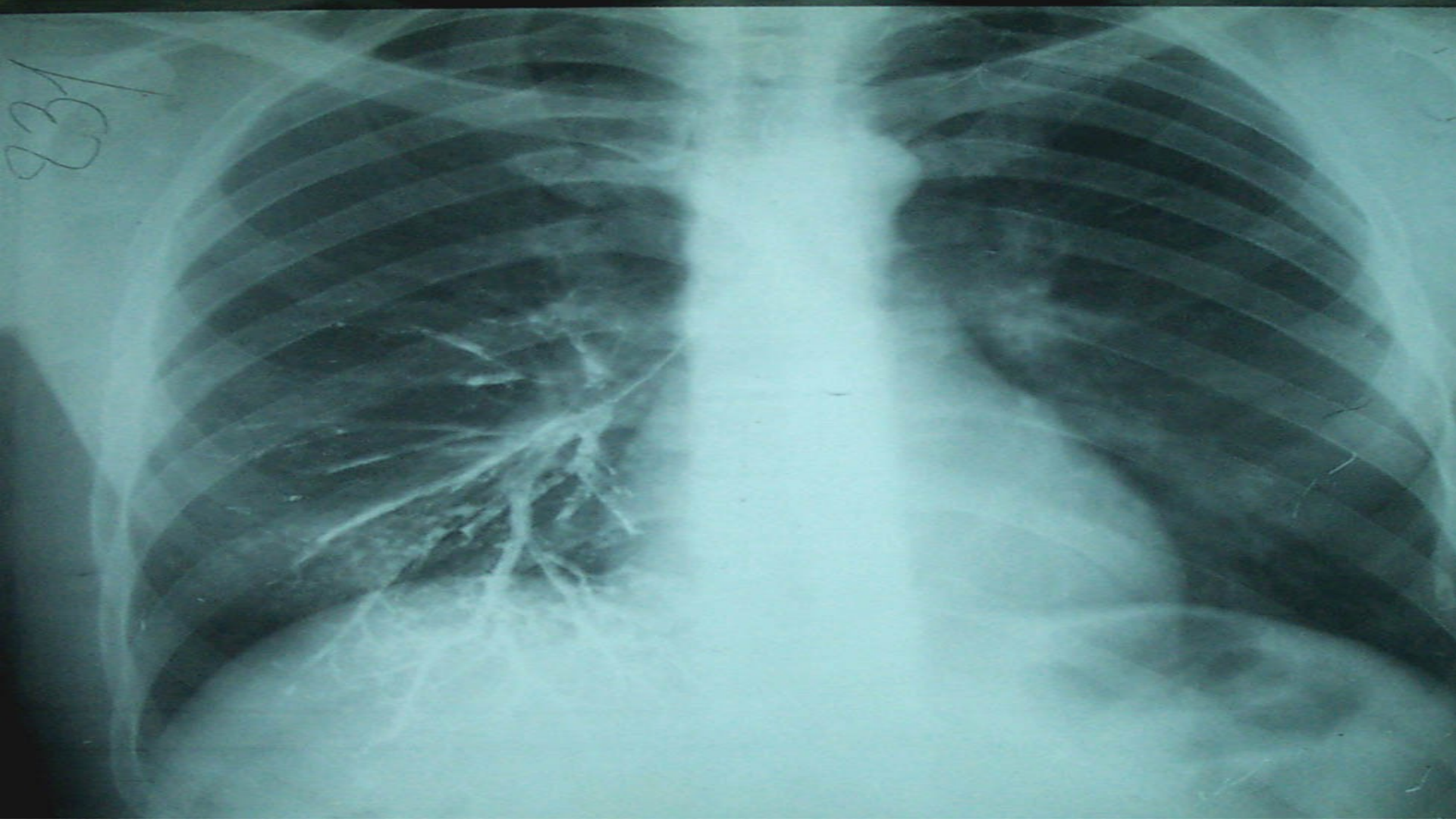
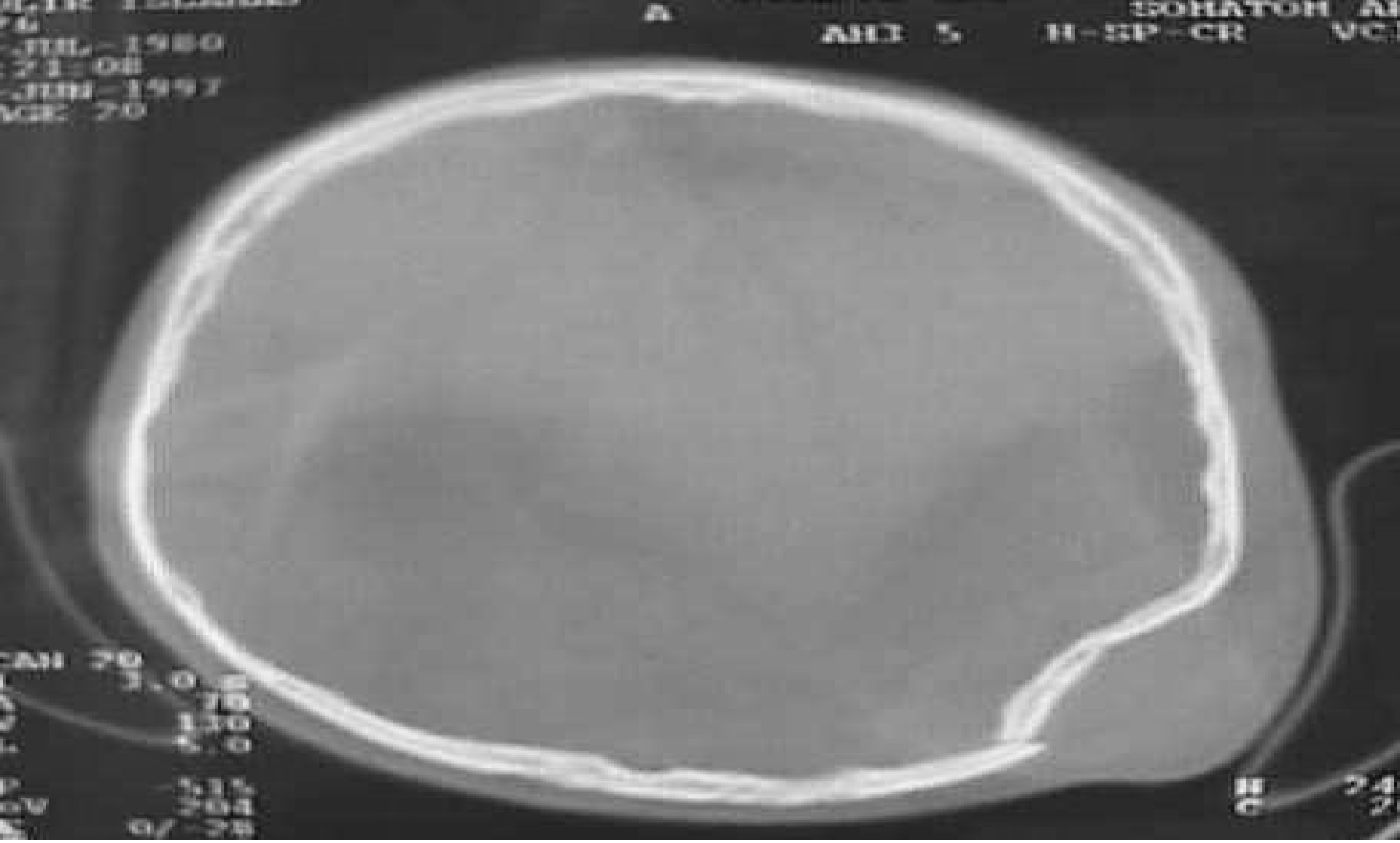


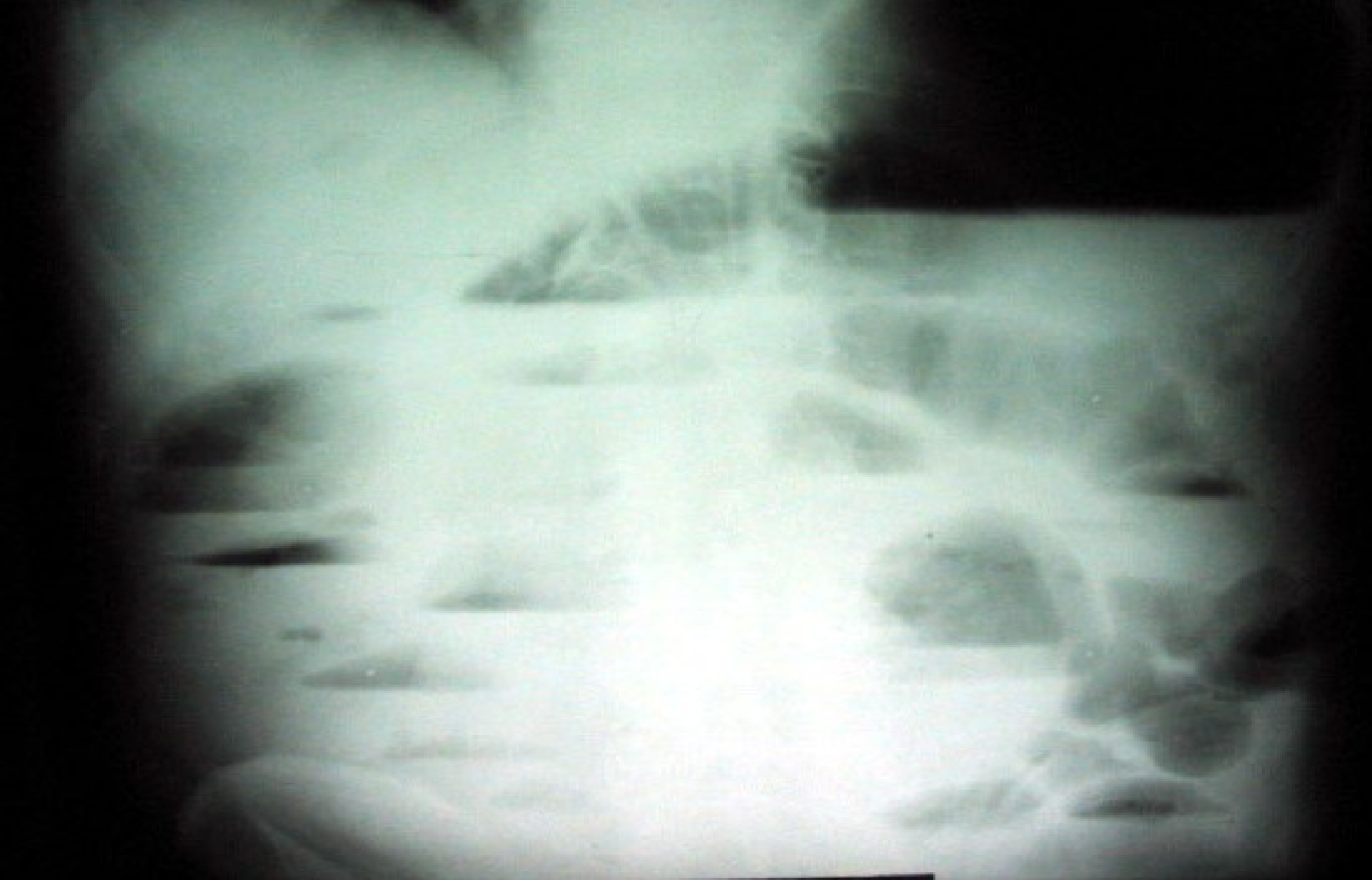
Këtu verehet bronhografi selective e cila është mundësuar me contrast dhe vetem me imazheri mund ti bejm të dukshme shume ndryshime jo normale,



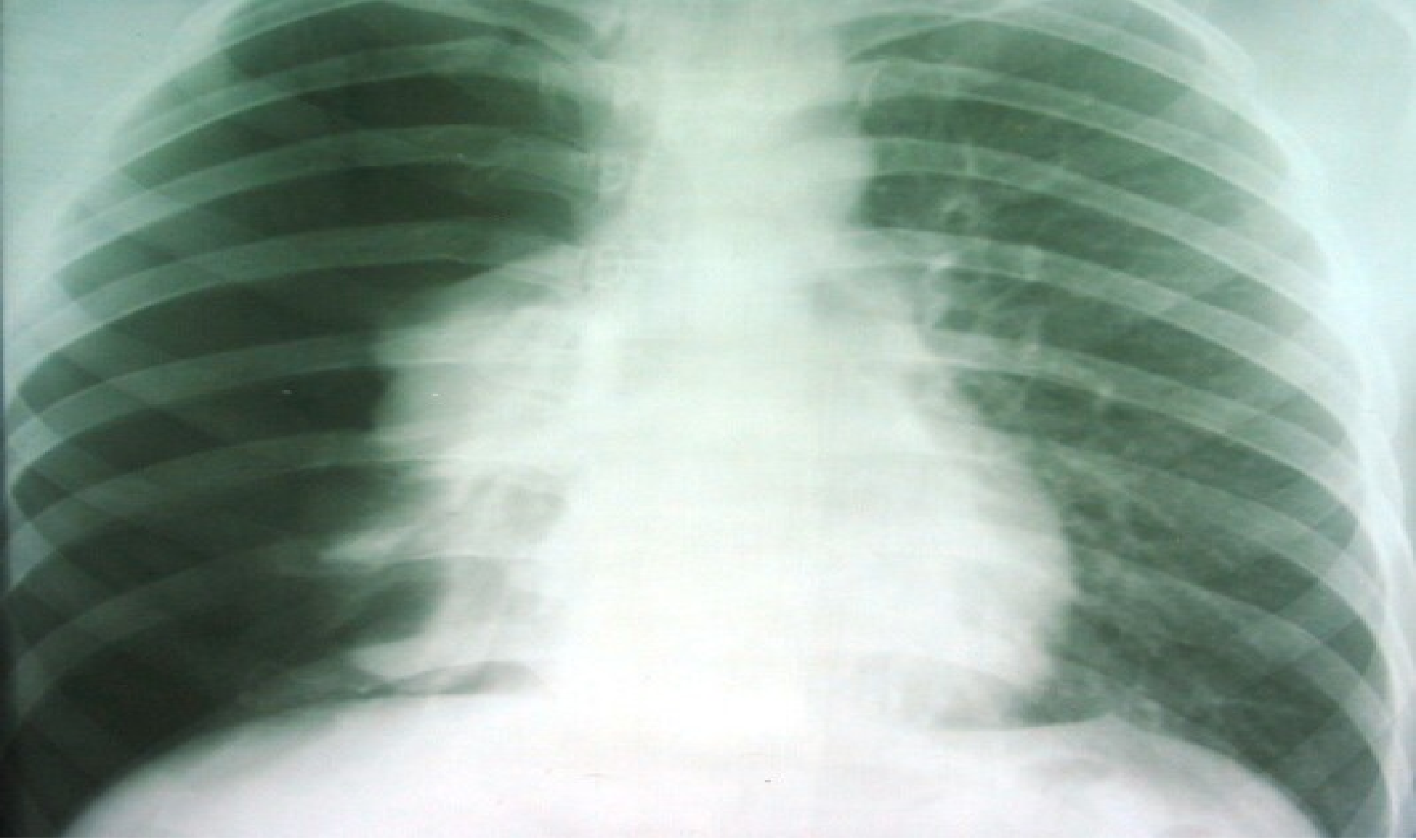
- Fraktur impressive e kockes se kokes

Gjakderdhje epidurale

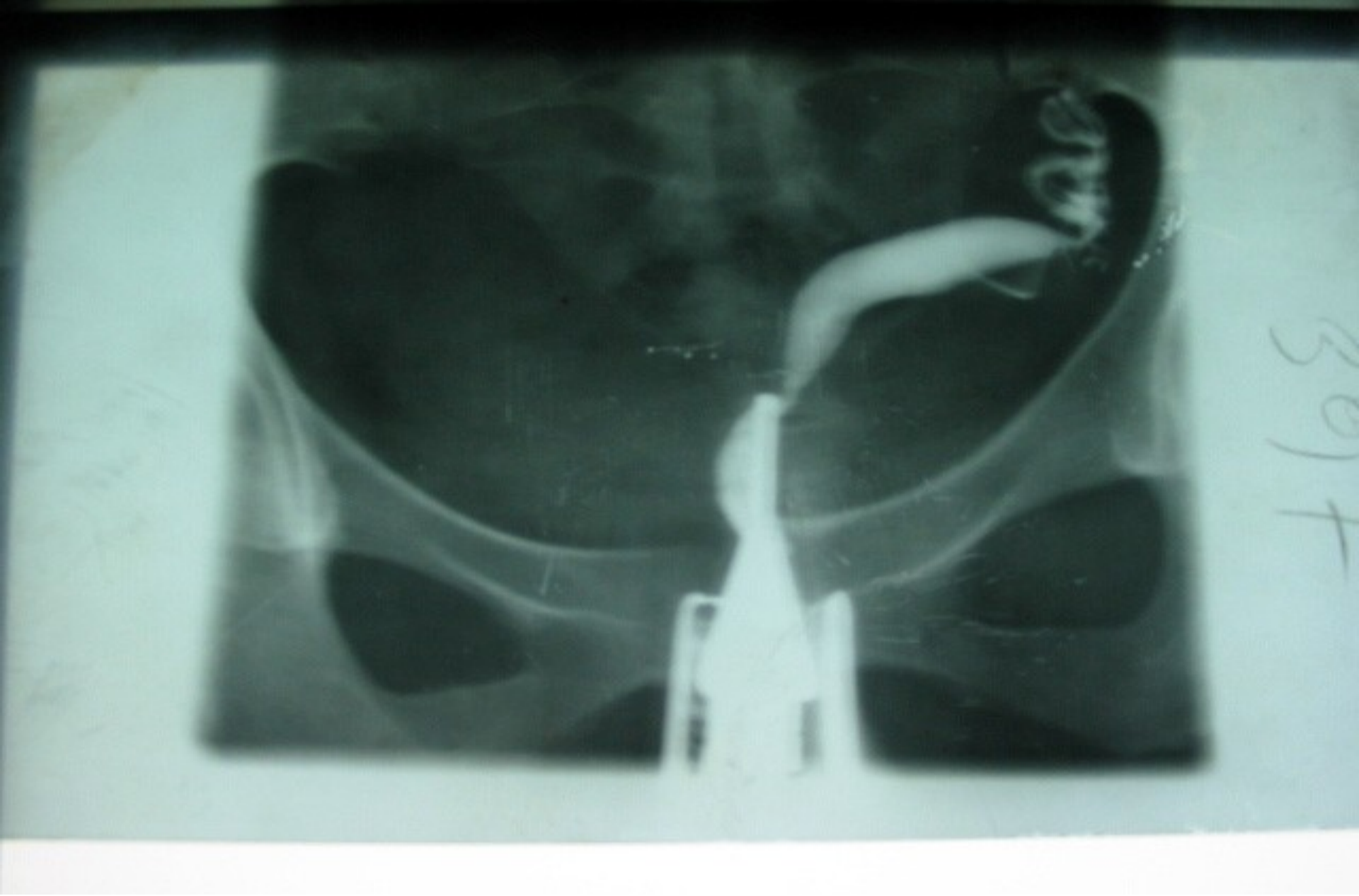
Ileus tek moshat e reja



lleusi l zorreve te trasha-kollonit me se shpeshti invaginacion

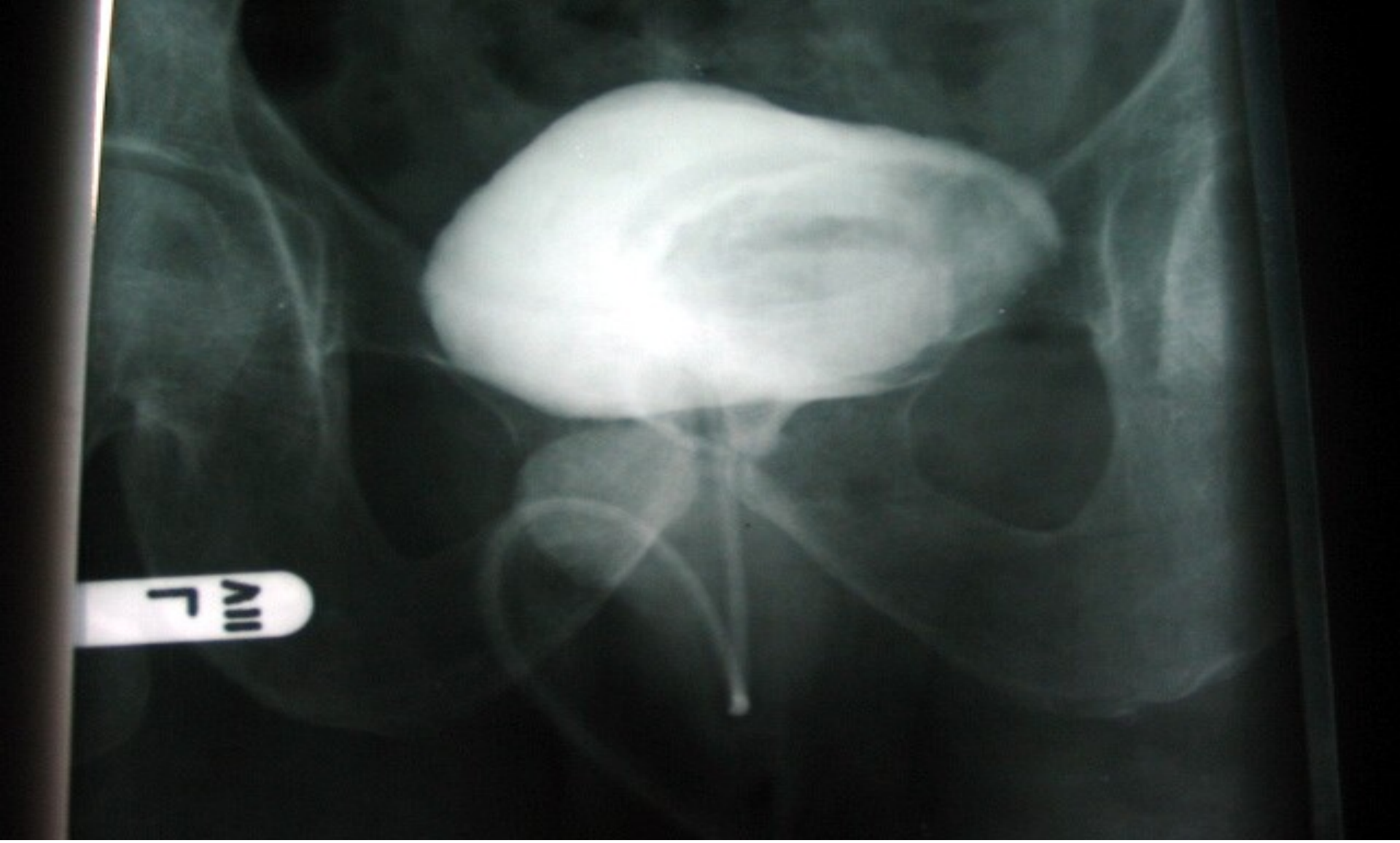


Pneumotoraksi –si rrjedhoj e qarjes se pleures e cila lejon futjen e ajrin ne mes dhe mushkria ne teresi ka kollabua ne anen e djathetg dhe zvoglon dukshem kapacitetin e frymemarrjes.



Histerosalpingografi-uterus unikorrnise

Herrni e meshigzes urinare ne qesken e herrnis inguinale



Cystografi-ekzaminimi me contrast I meshigzes urinare

Konkremente inorganike ne meshigzen urinare me posit te ndryshme si rrjedhoj e hypertrofise se prostates

Ngushtim I uretereve ne orificiumin e fundit dhe hydroureter bil

Minus hije ne pjesen e majt te meshigzes urinare- karcinom

Veshke ektopike –urografi intravenoze

Konkremente inorganike ne orificiumin e fundit te dy uretereve

Native I urotraktit me hije minerale ne meshigze dhe veshken e djathe-konkremente inorganike

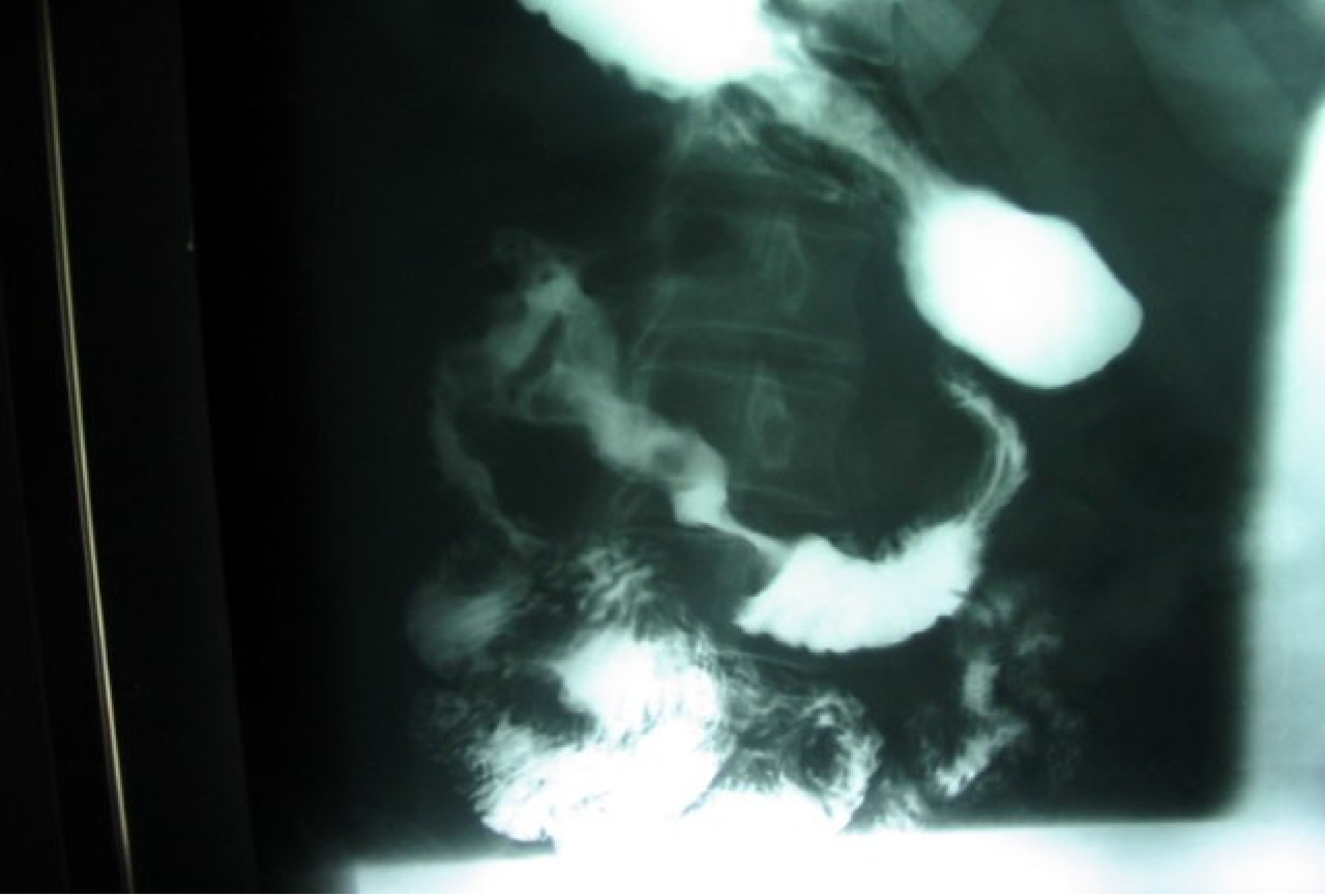
Karcinom e ampulles rekti

Karcinom e sigmes(kolonit sigmoid)

Kolloni me contrast te dyfisht

Divertikolozë e kollonit

Koliti ulceroz

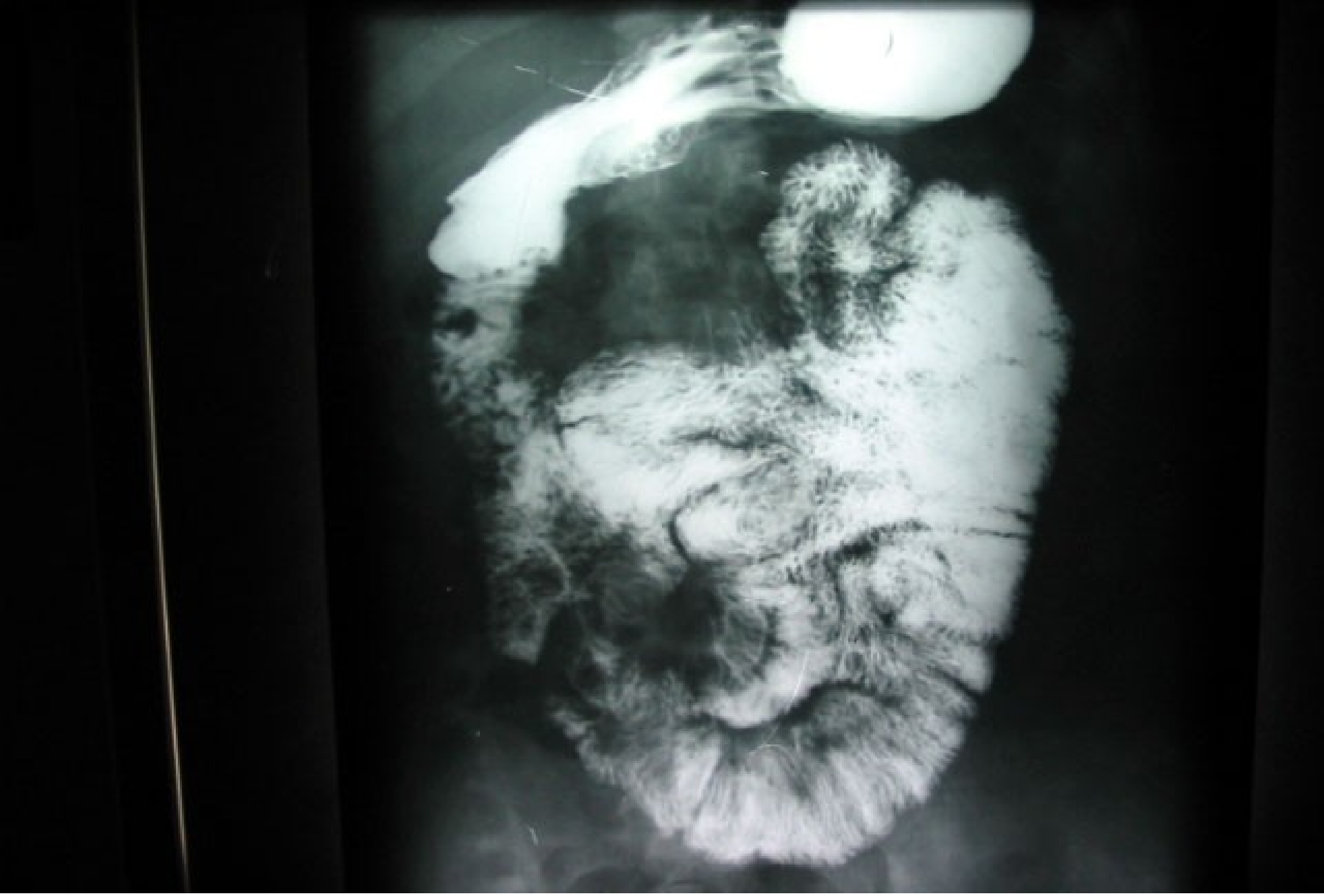


Limfoma e zorreve te holla

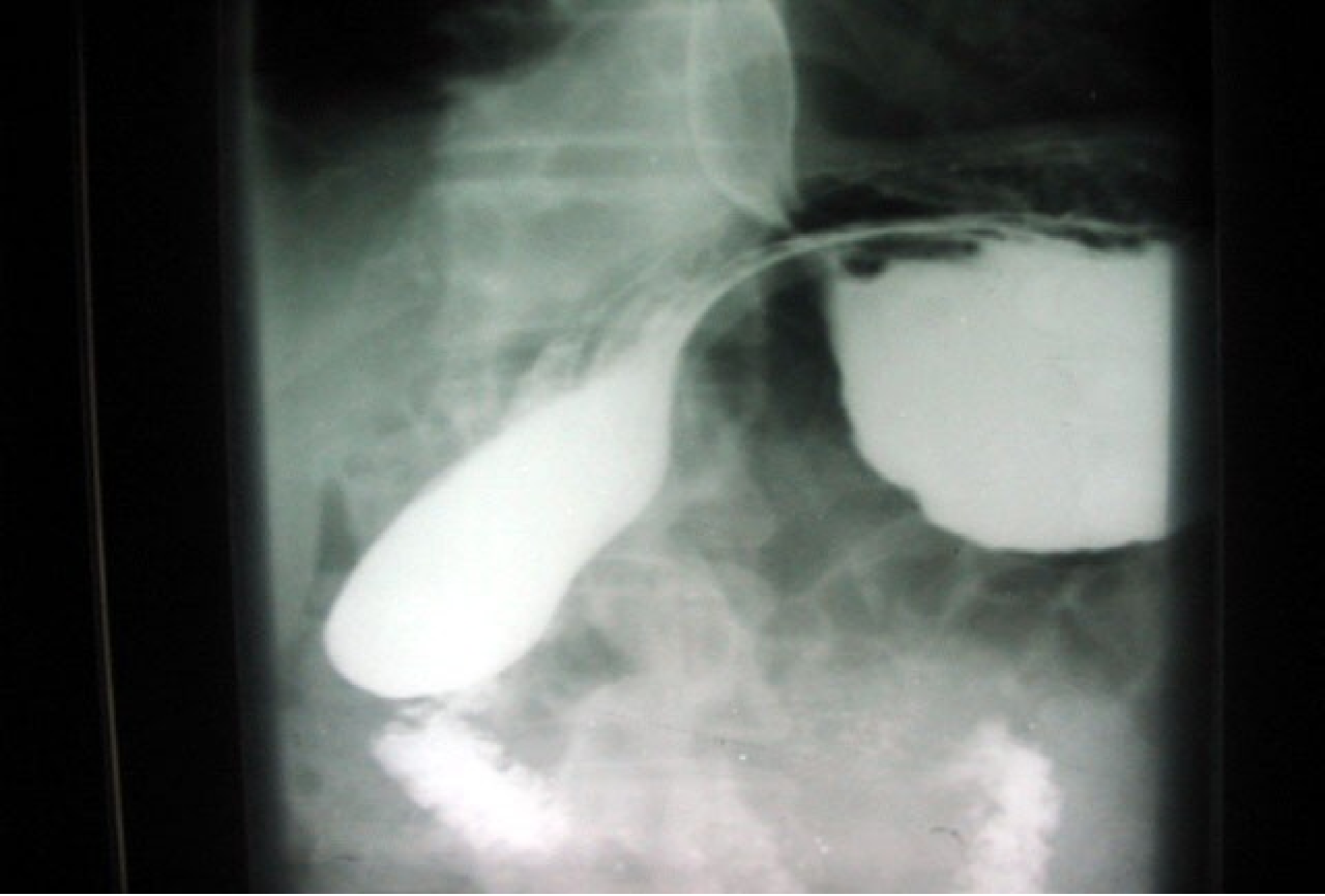
- **Limfom ne jejunum e cila mund te diagnostikohet vetem me pasazhen e zorreve.**

Rupture e diafragmes ku duken zorret e holla me contrast ne kafazin e krahrorit.

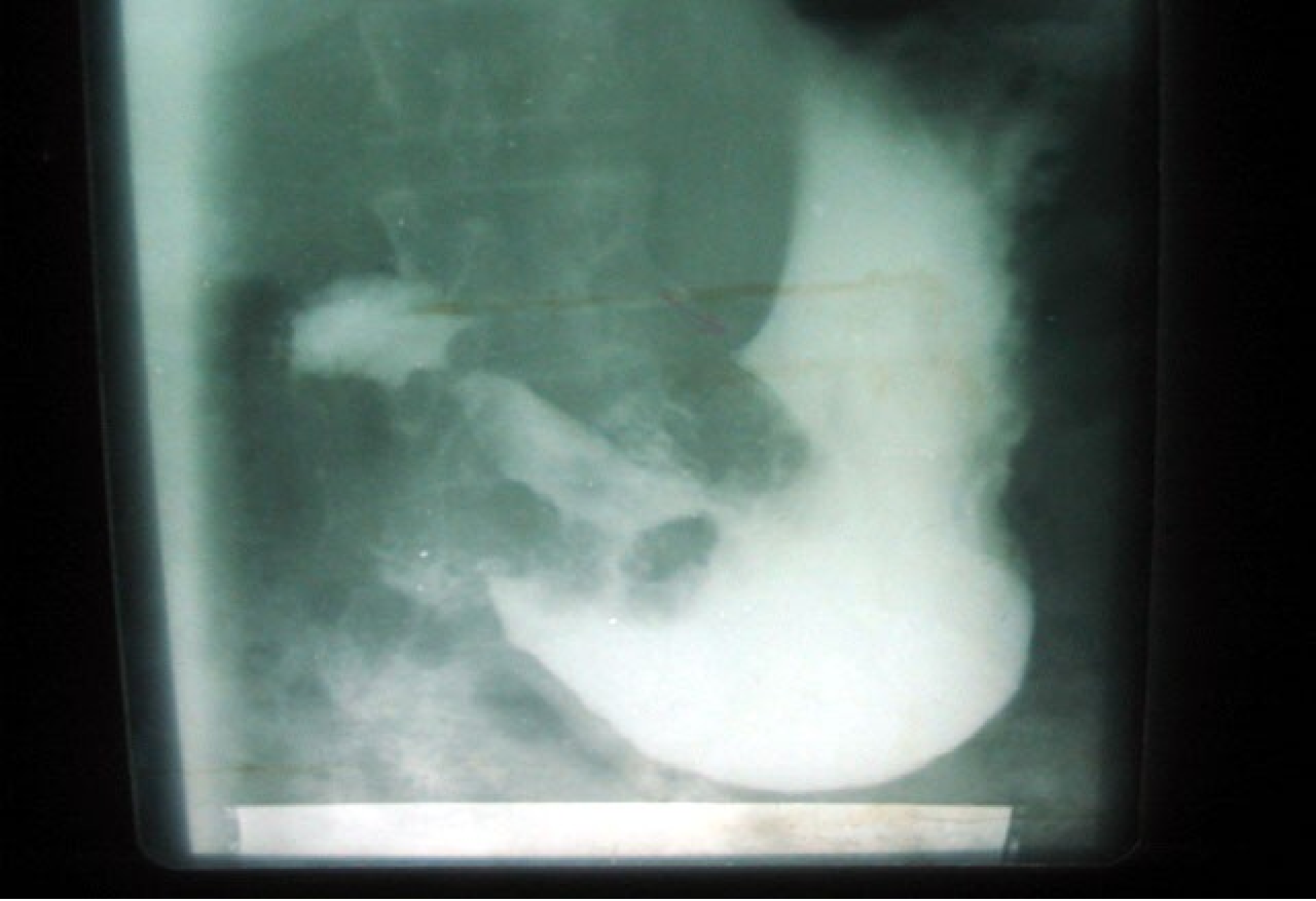
- Harku duodenal. Defekt mbushje ne duoden-polipet



- Harku duodenal. Defekt mbushje ne duoden-polipet



Volvulus I lukthit (perdredhje)

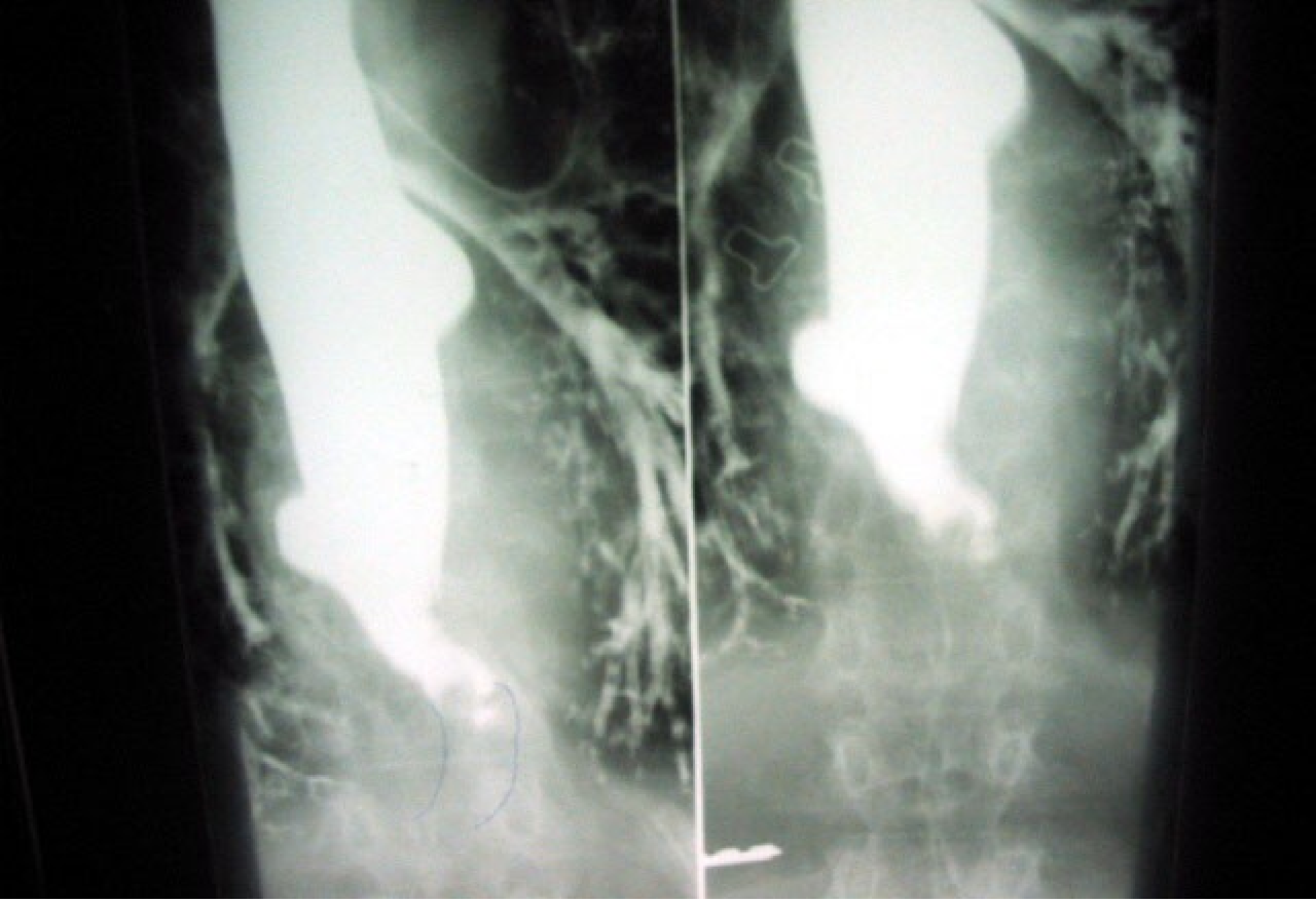


Carcinoma e regjionint prepillorik.

Carcinoma e kurvatures se madhe.

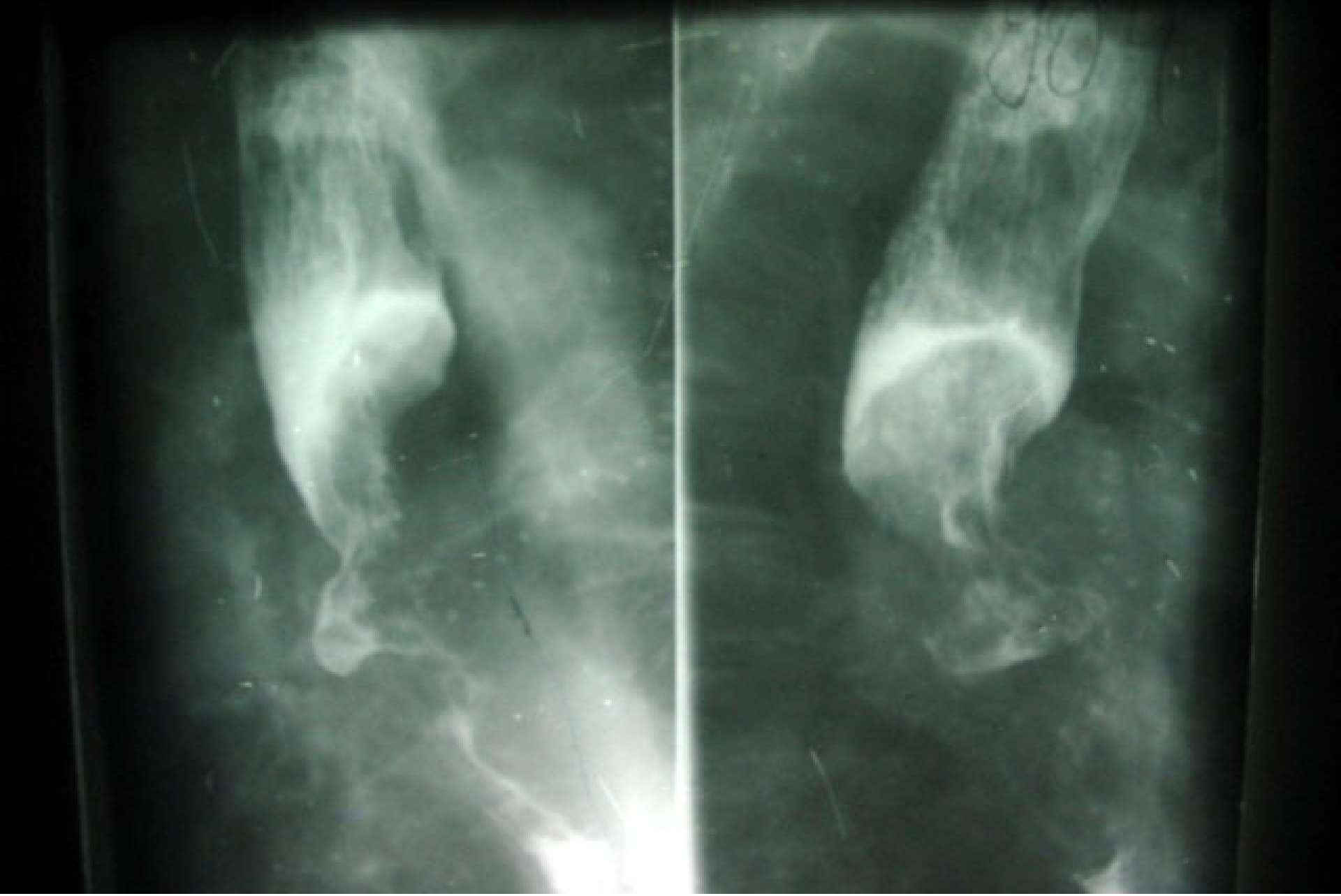
- **Depo kontrasti ne bulbus qe paraqet ulceren ne lukth.**

Ulcera e lukthti ne kurvaturen e vogel.

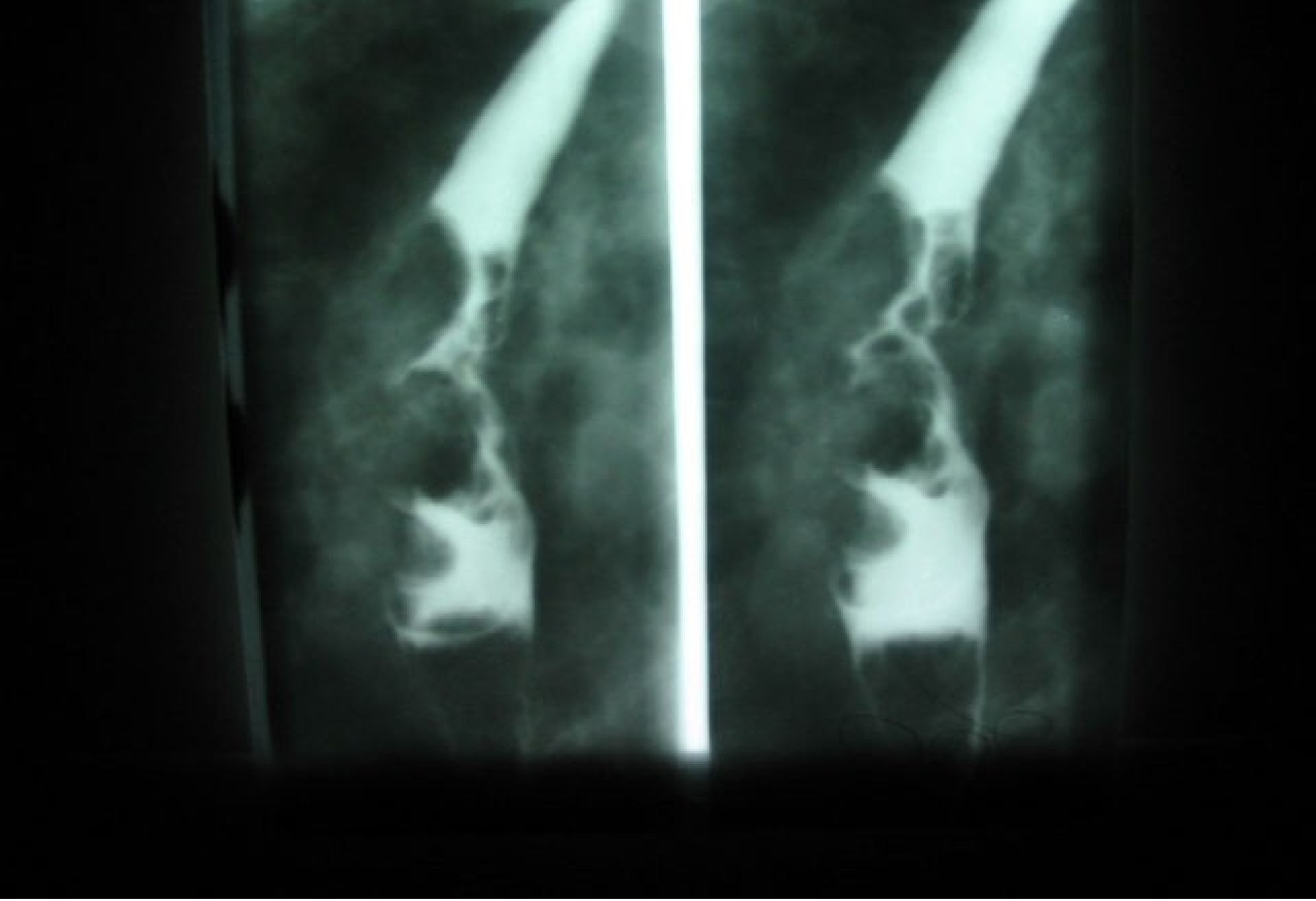


Fistullat traheezofageale

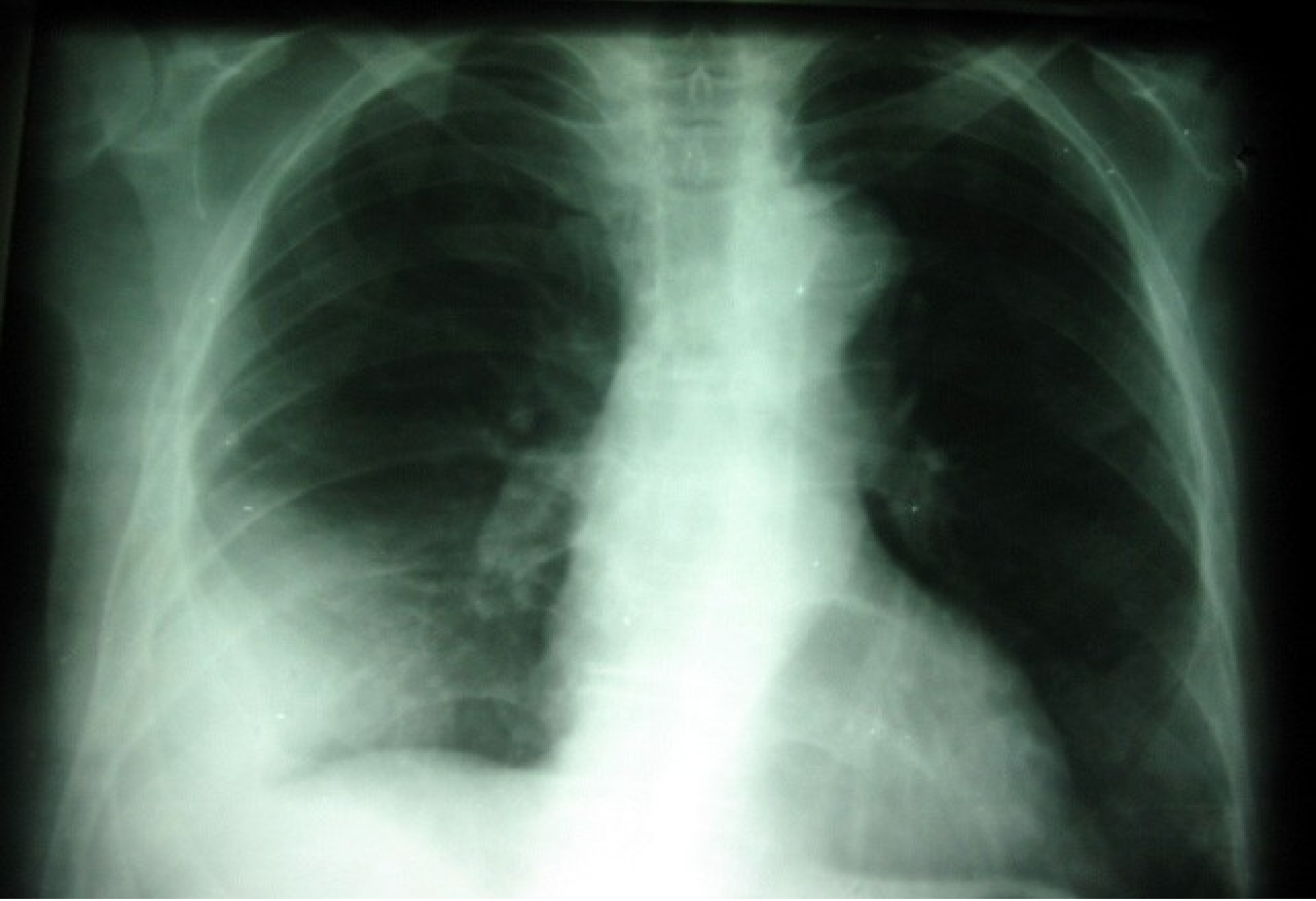
Ahallazioni I ezofagut



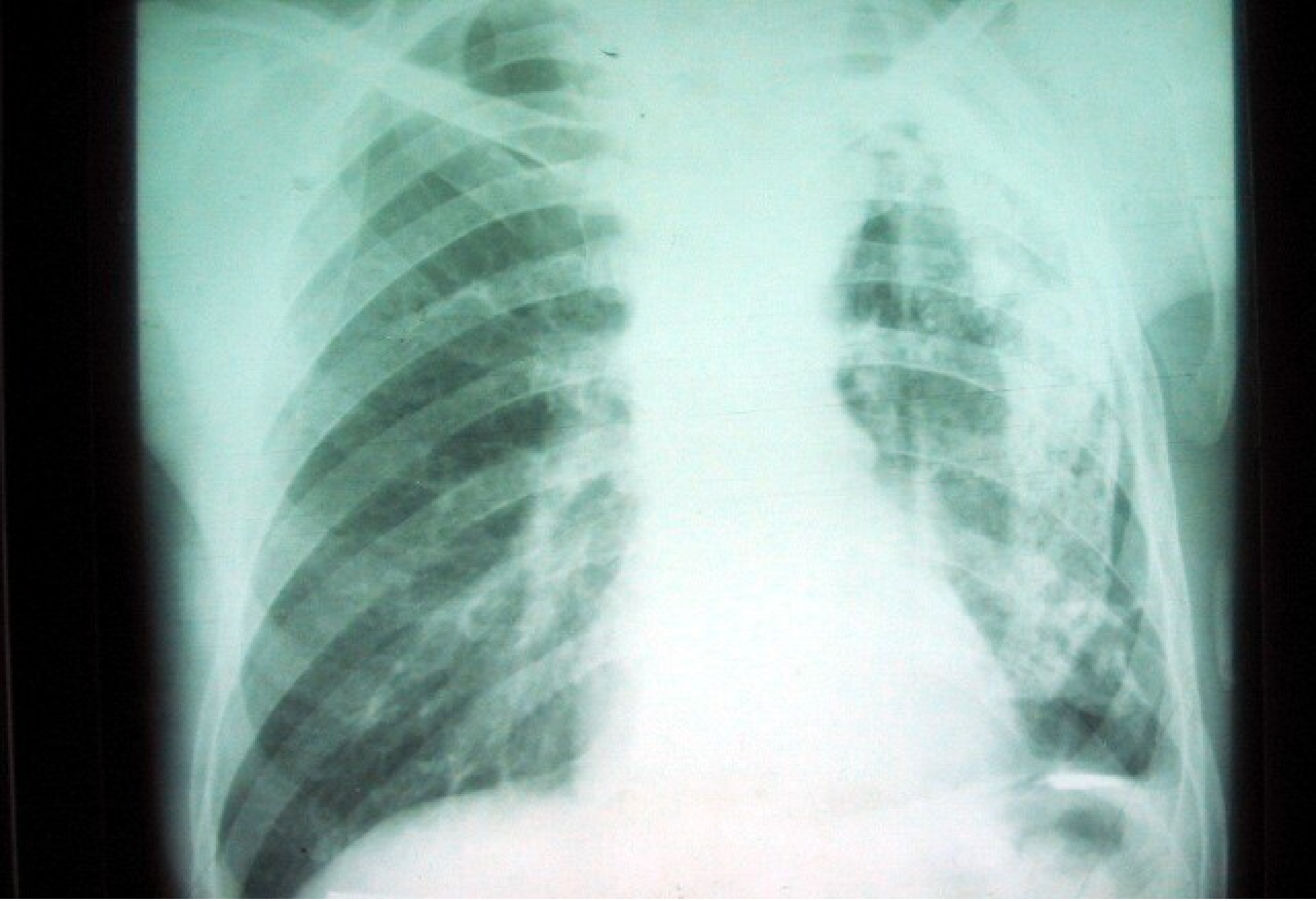
Karcinom e ezofagut.



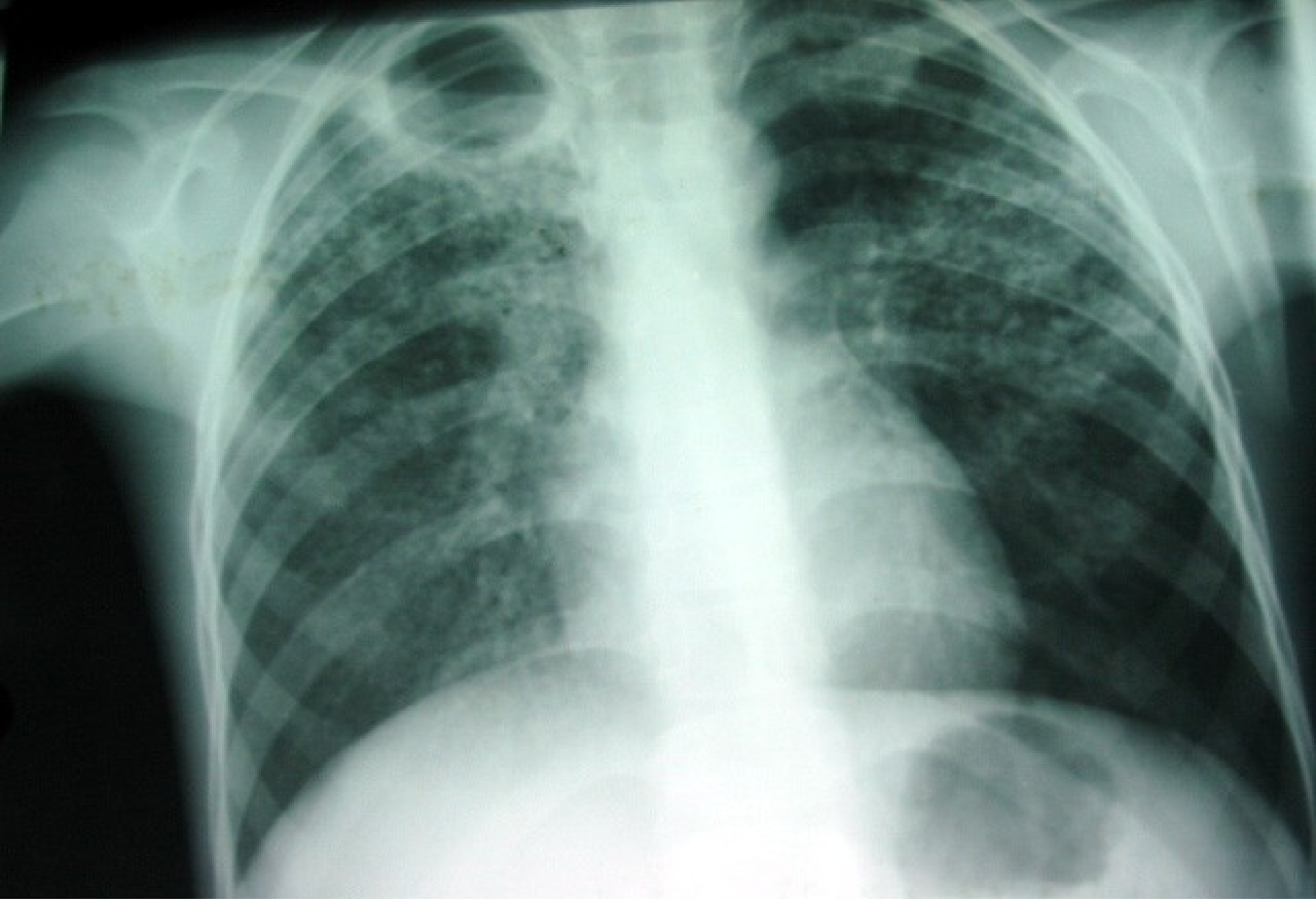
Minus hije e organit-karcinom e ezofagut



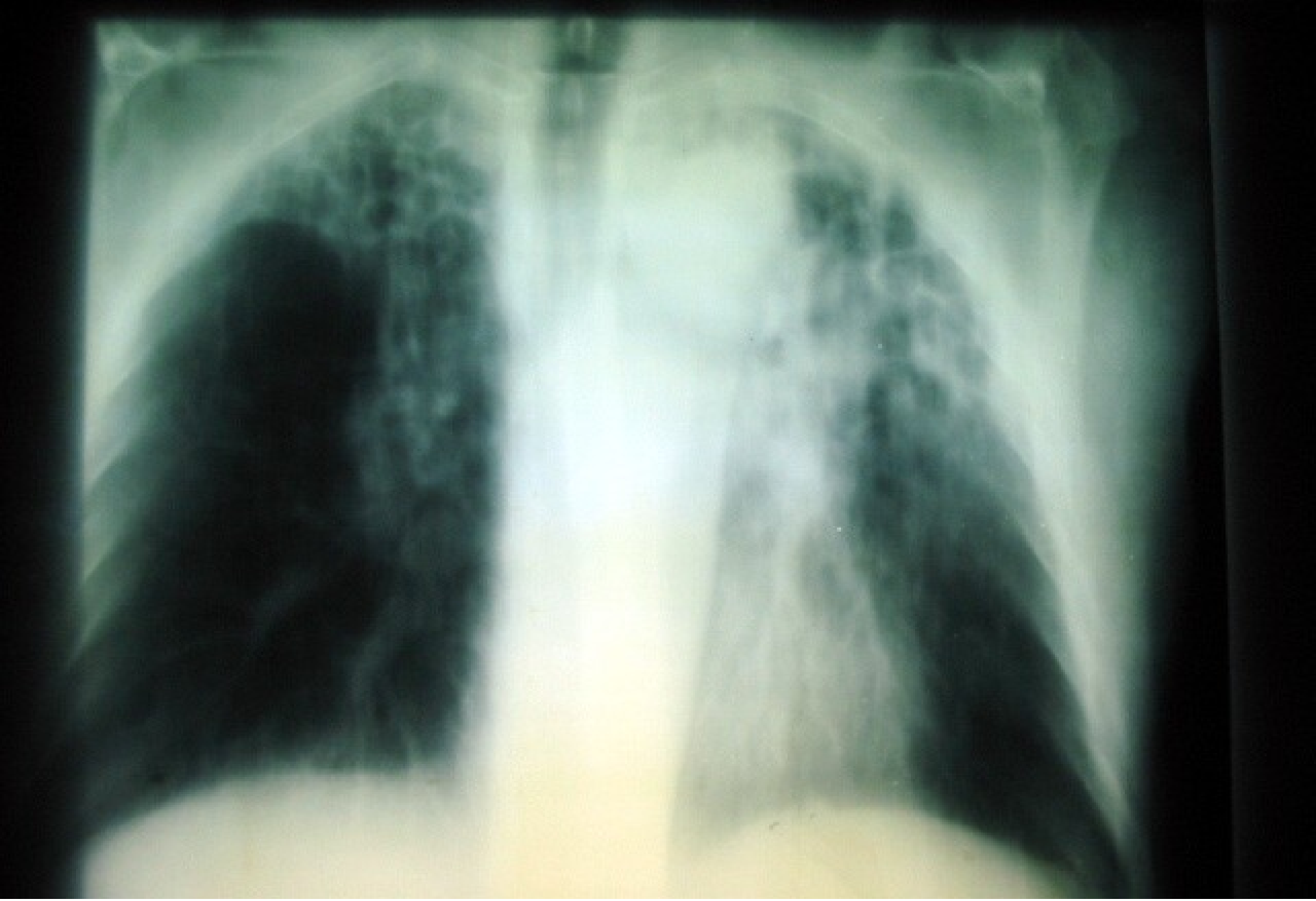
Pleurit I inkapsuluar djathtas



Pleura e trashur majtas si rrjedhoj e ndryshimeve inflamtore kronike te pa mjekuara.



Semndjet e diafragmes,pleures,anatomija e diafragmes dhe pleures,ndryshimet inflamatore

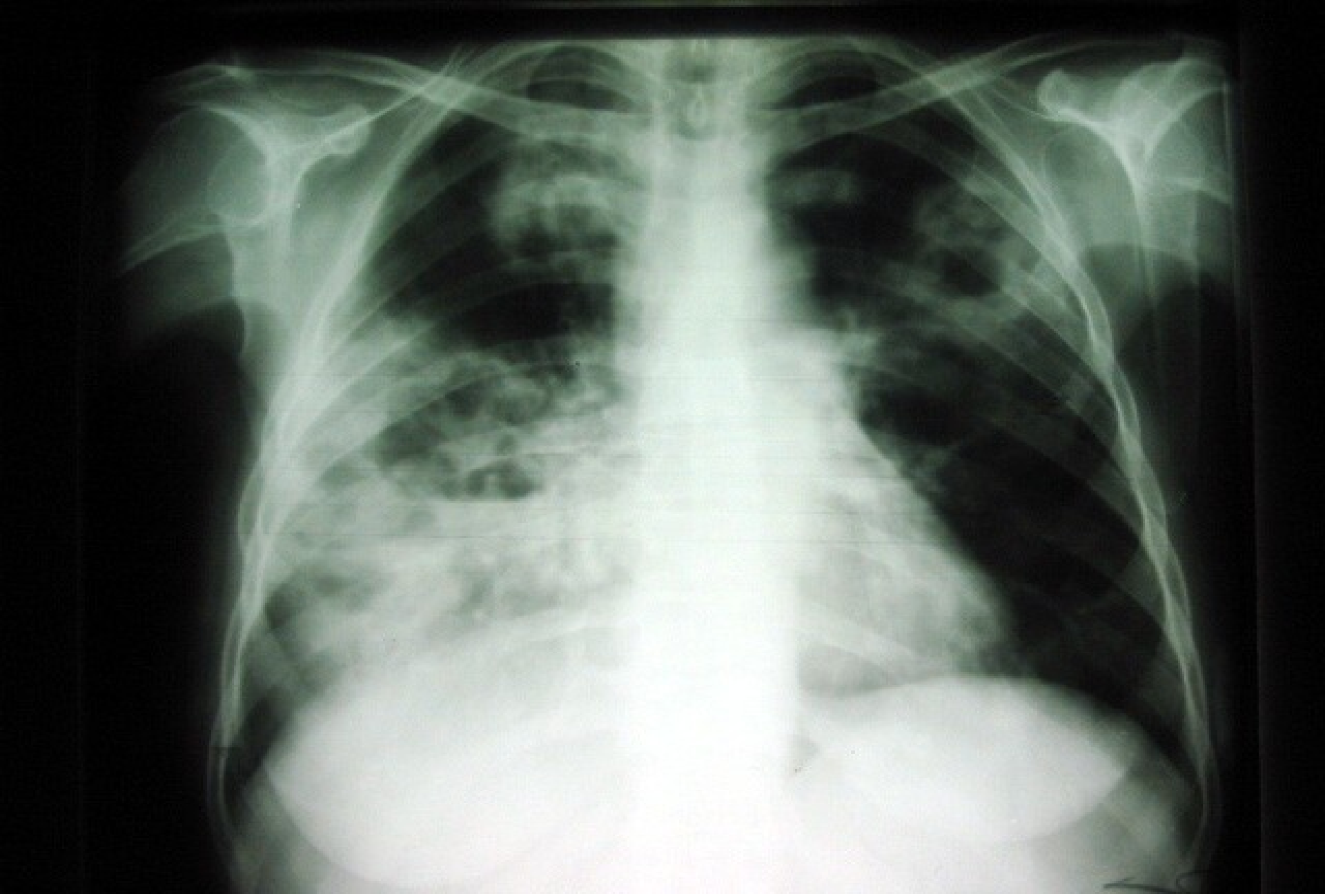


Grafi ne shtresa-tomografi klasike e cila paraqet hijesime te cilat prezentohen kryesisht ne apekse.(Tbc)

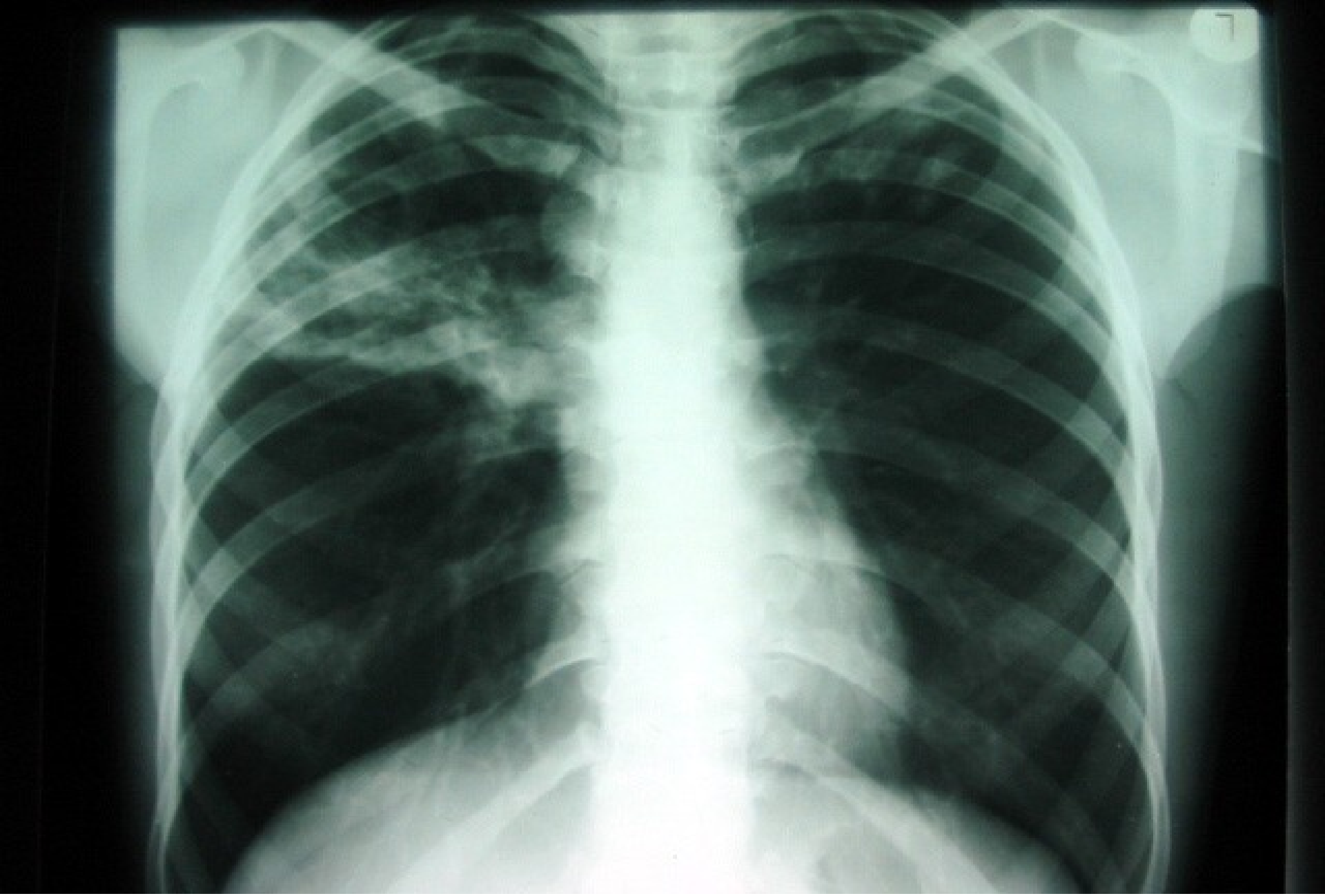
Dig. Diferenciale ne mes te ndryshimeve fibrotike dhe tbc miliare.

tbc miliare hematogjene.

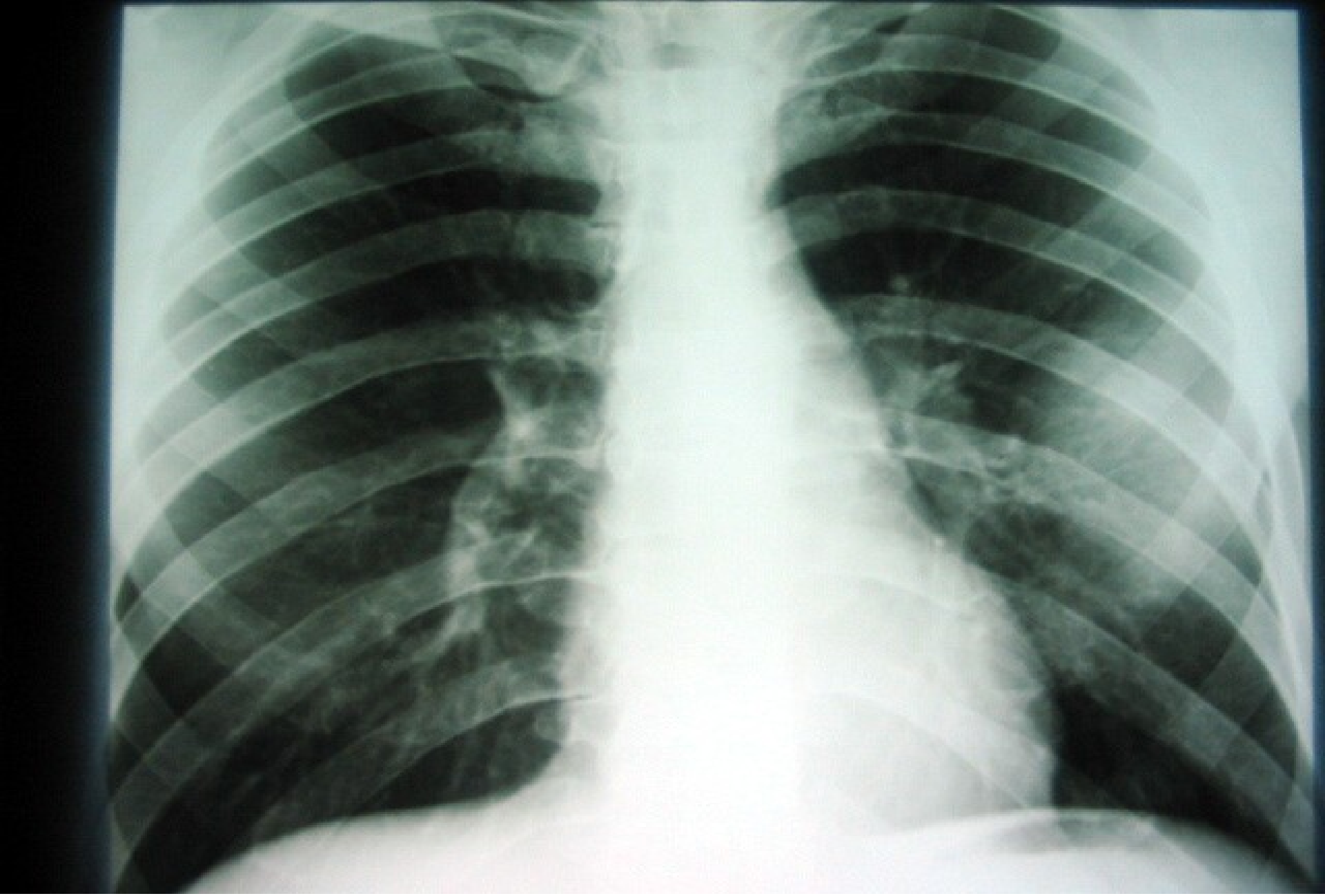
(Dallimi ne mes tbc hematogjene dhe asaj bronhogjene eshte ne ate se bronhogjene eshte unilaterale,kurse hematogjene bilaterale-difuze.)



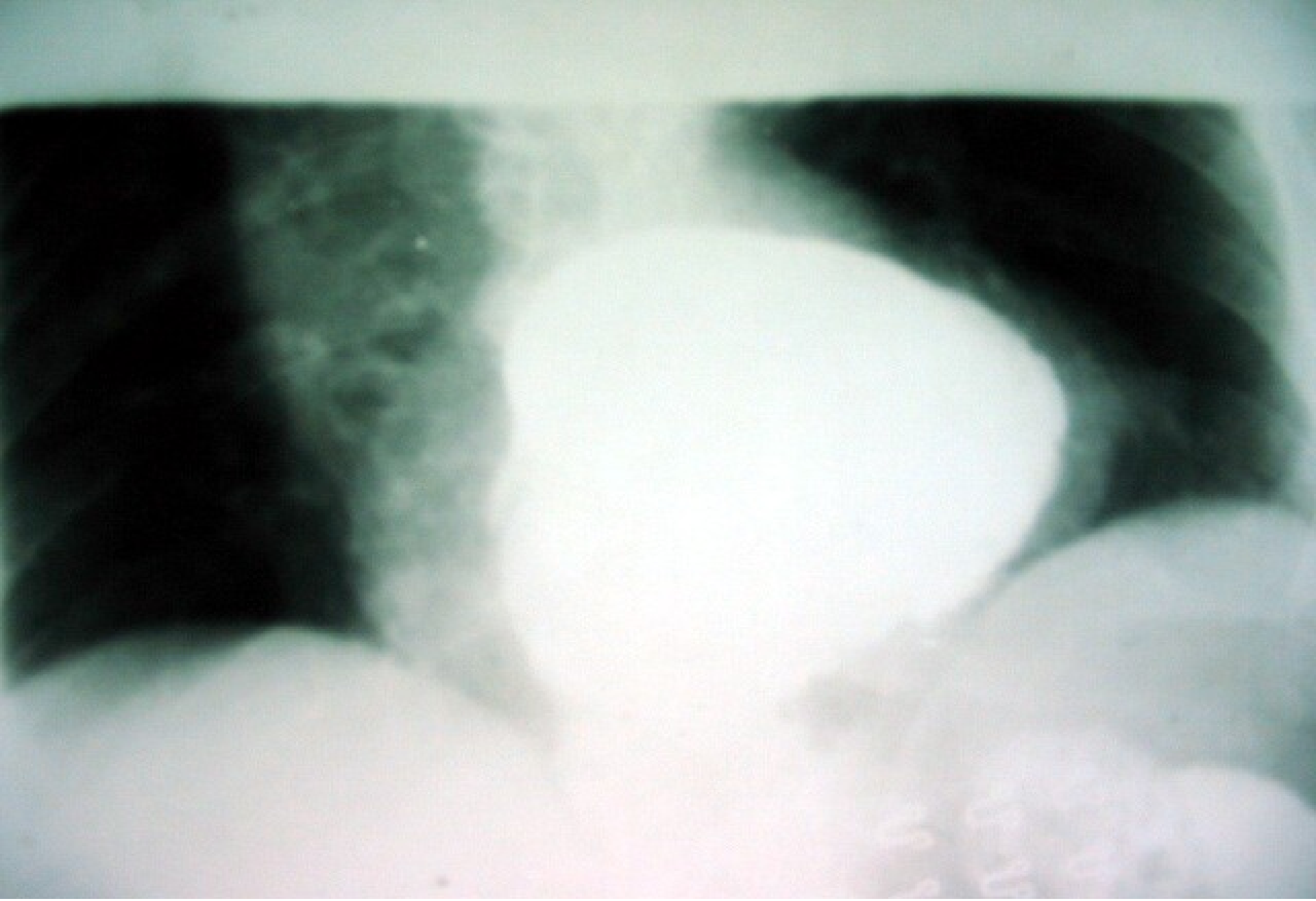
Ne te dy anet e mushkrive-ne apekse verehen ndryshime specifike-tbc.
(Diagnoza: Tuberkulozi)



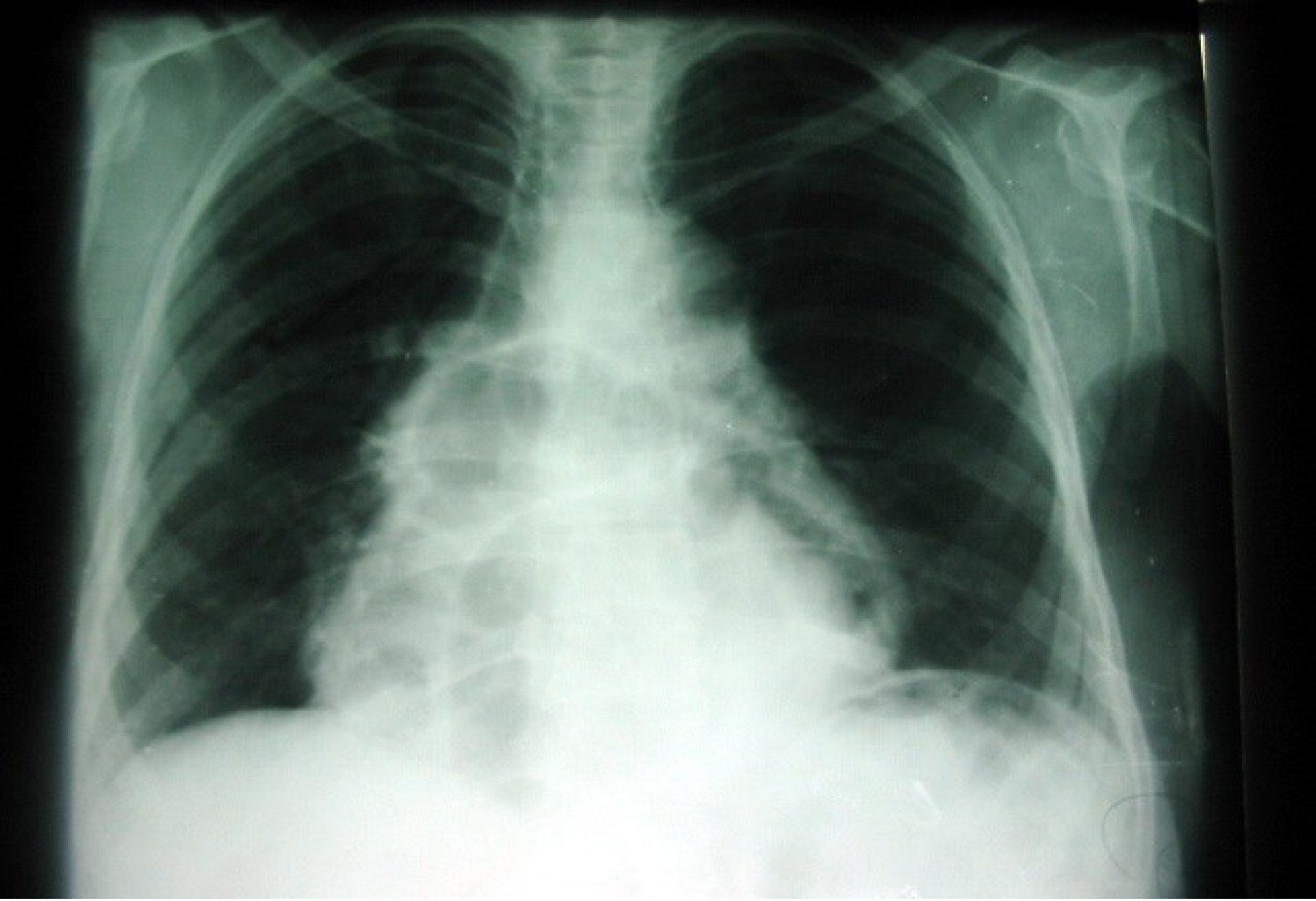
Djathtas verehet hijesim I cili mbeshtetet ne hillus deri ne pjeset periferike.(Diagnoza: Tbc Miliare Bronkogjene)



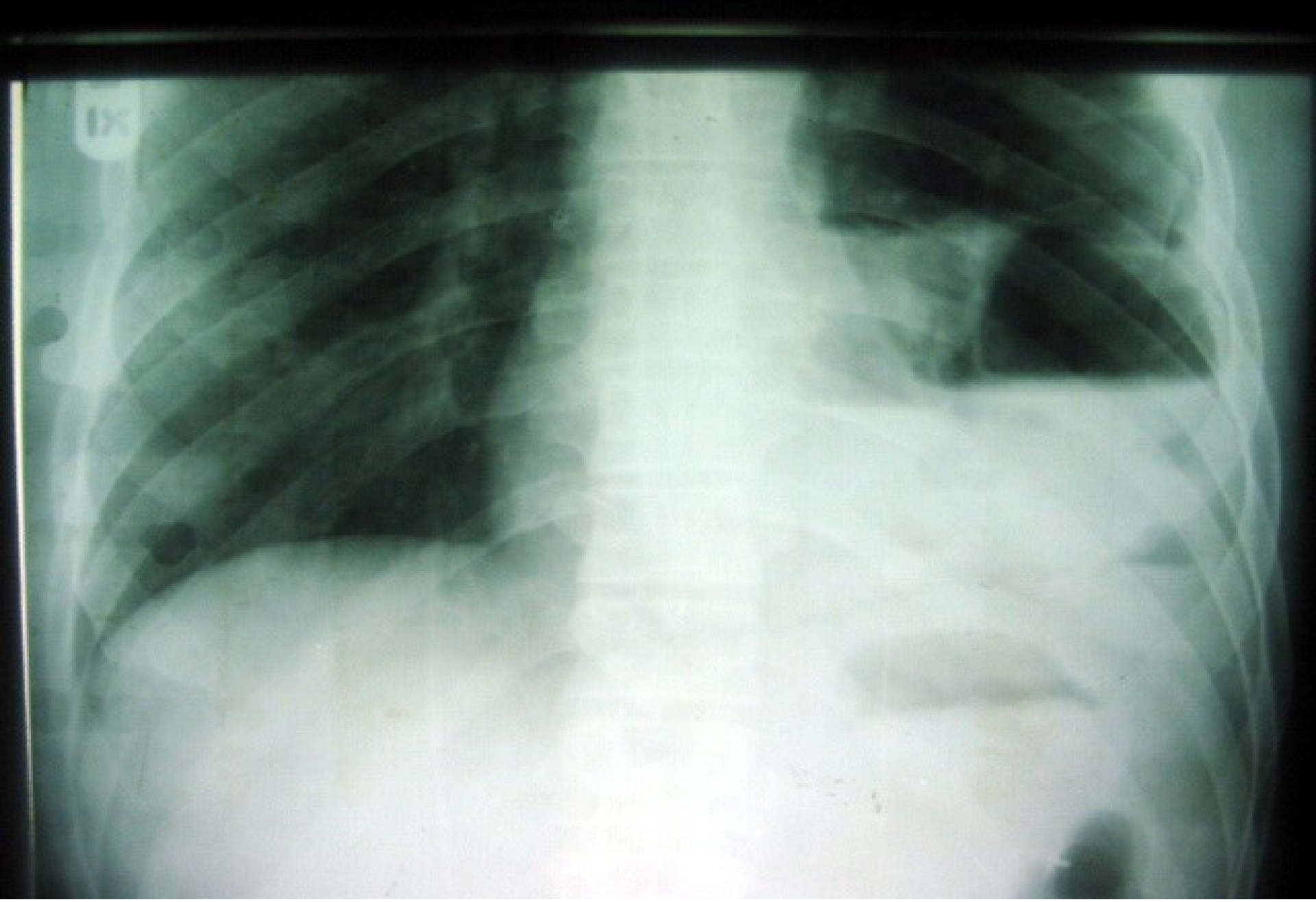
Infiltrim pneumonic majtas



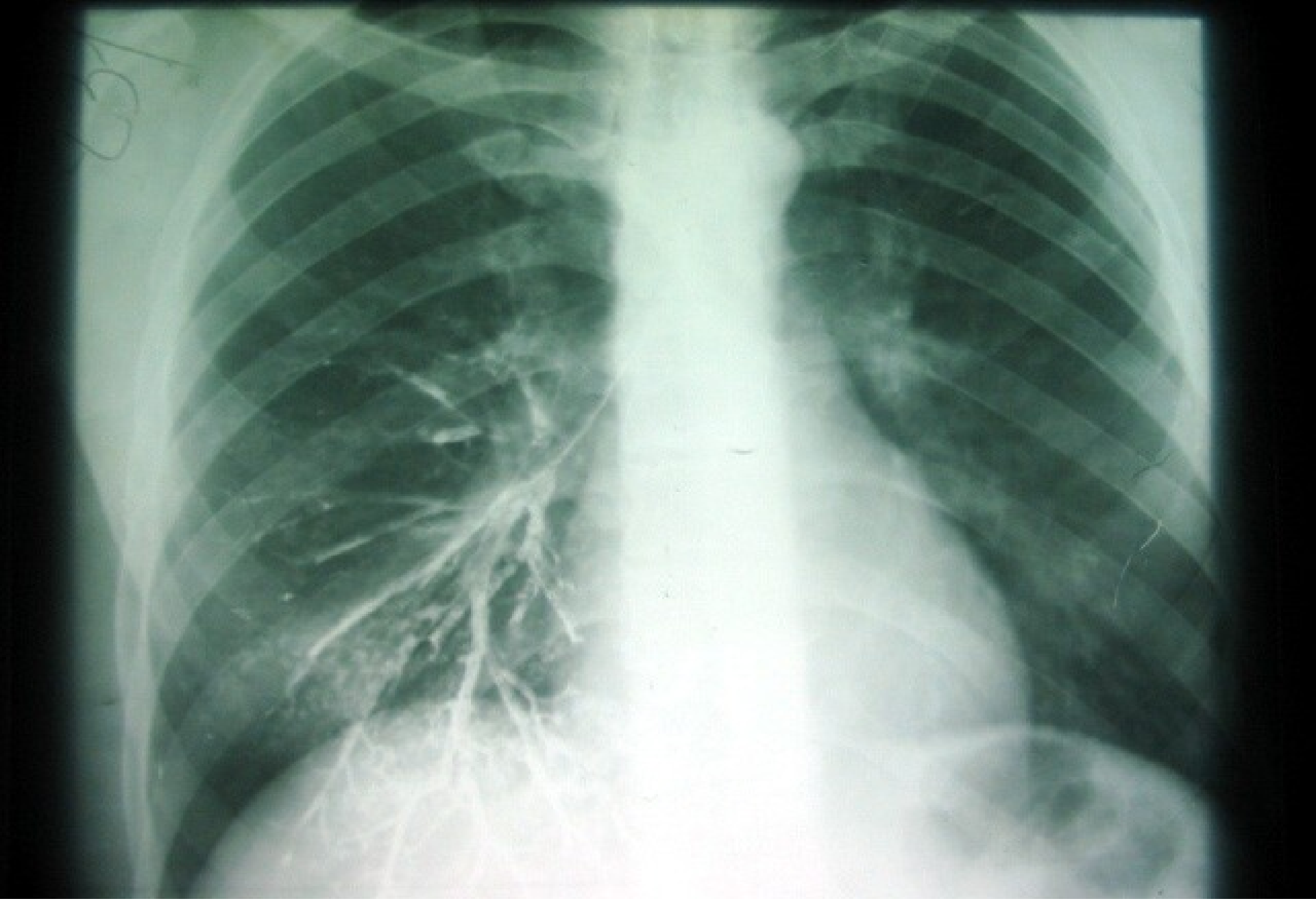
Herrni hijatale me contrast



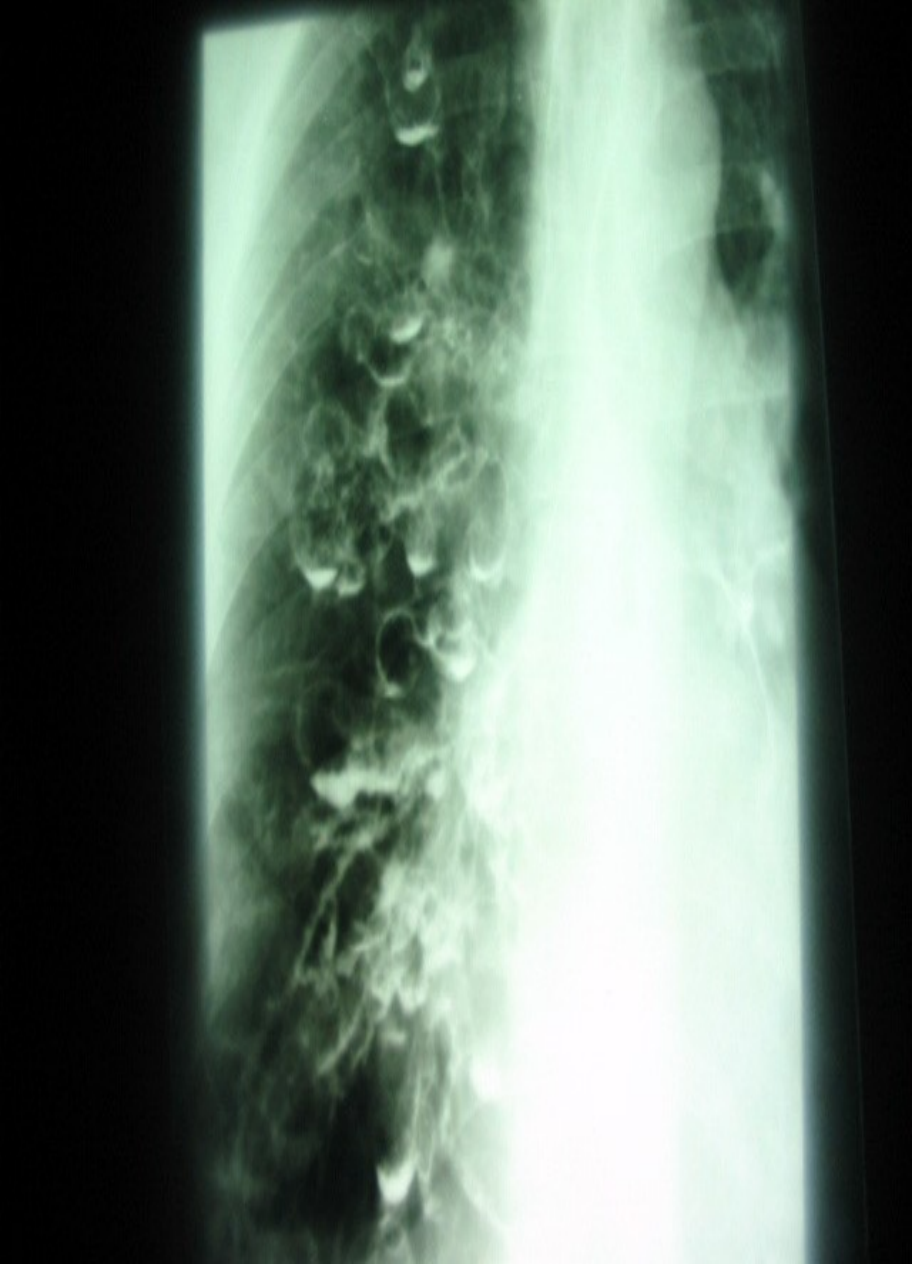
Prezenca e ajrit edhe ne hijen e zemres Diagnoza :Herrni hijatale me contrast



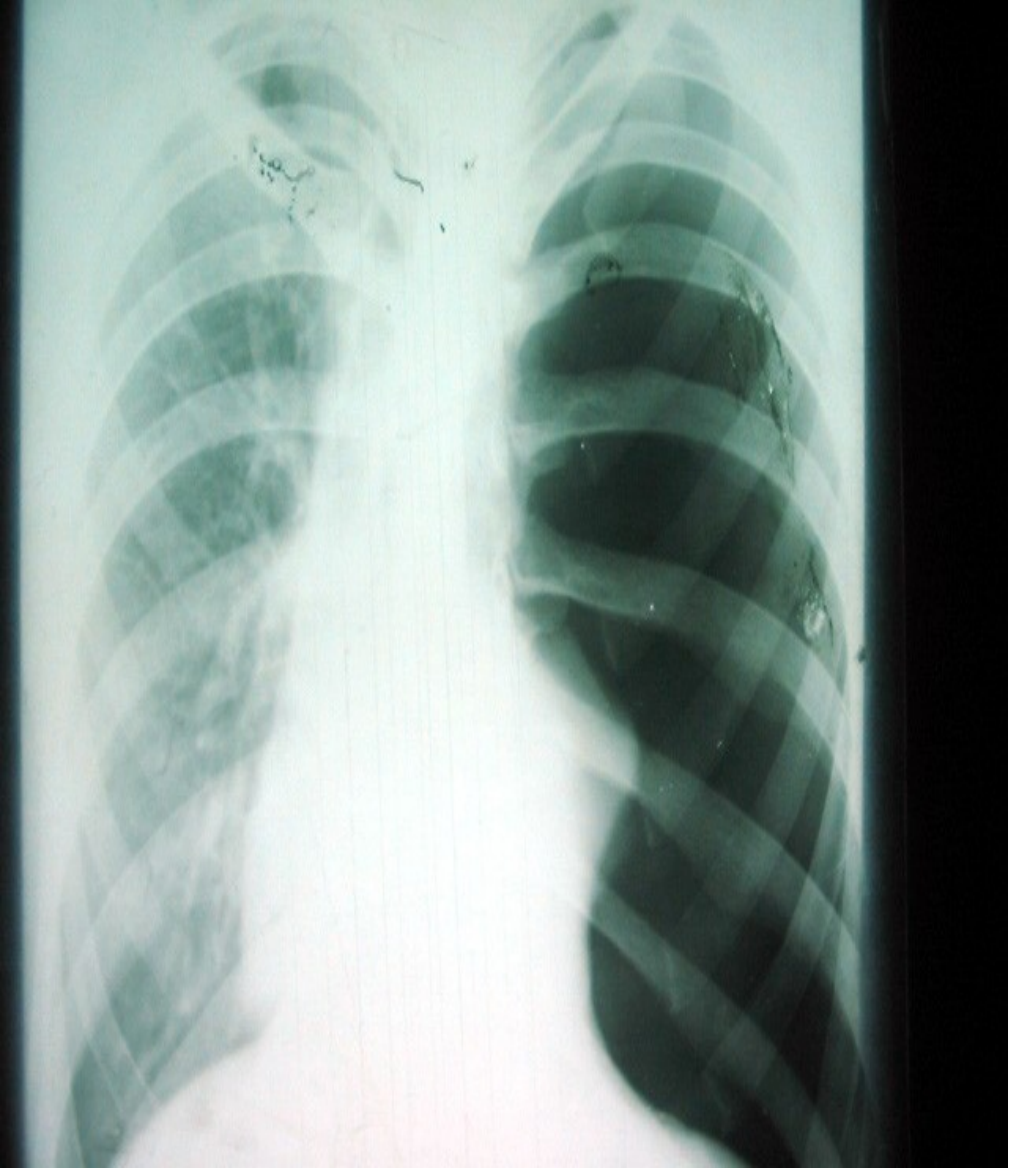
Abscesi majtas,formimi,prezentimi,formimi I imazhit ne film.



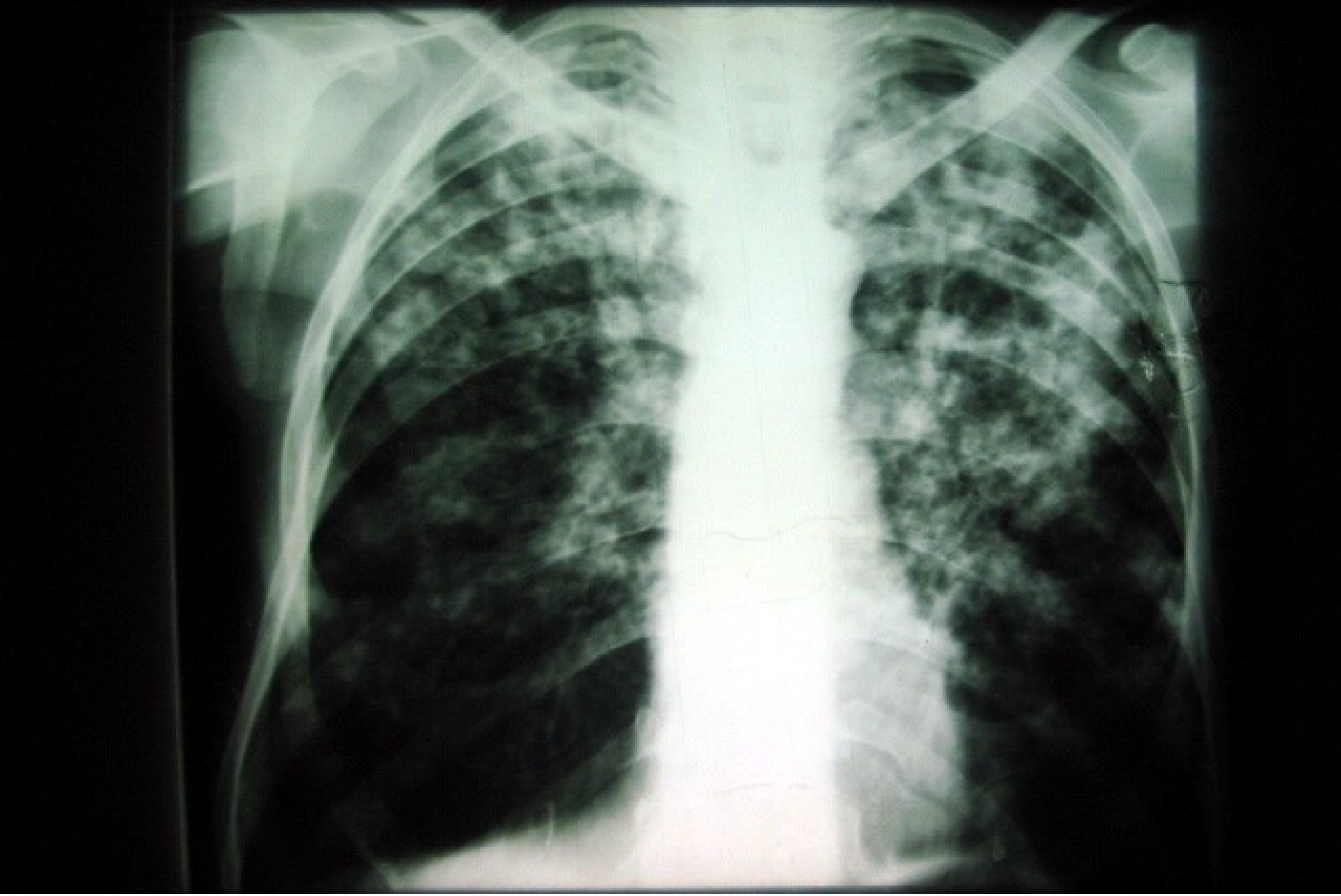
- **Bbronhografi selektive djaathtas ku verehen bronhet normale**



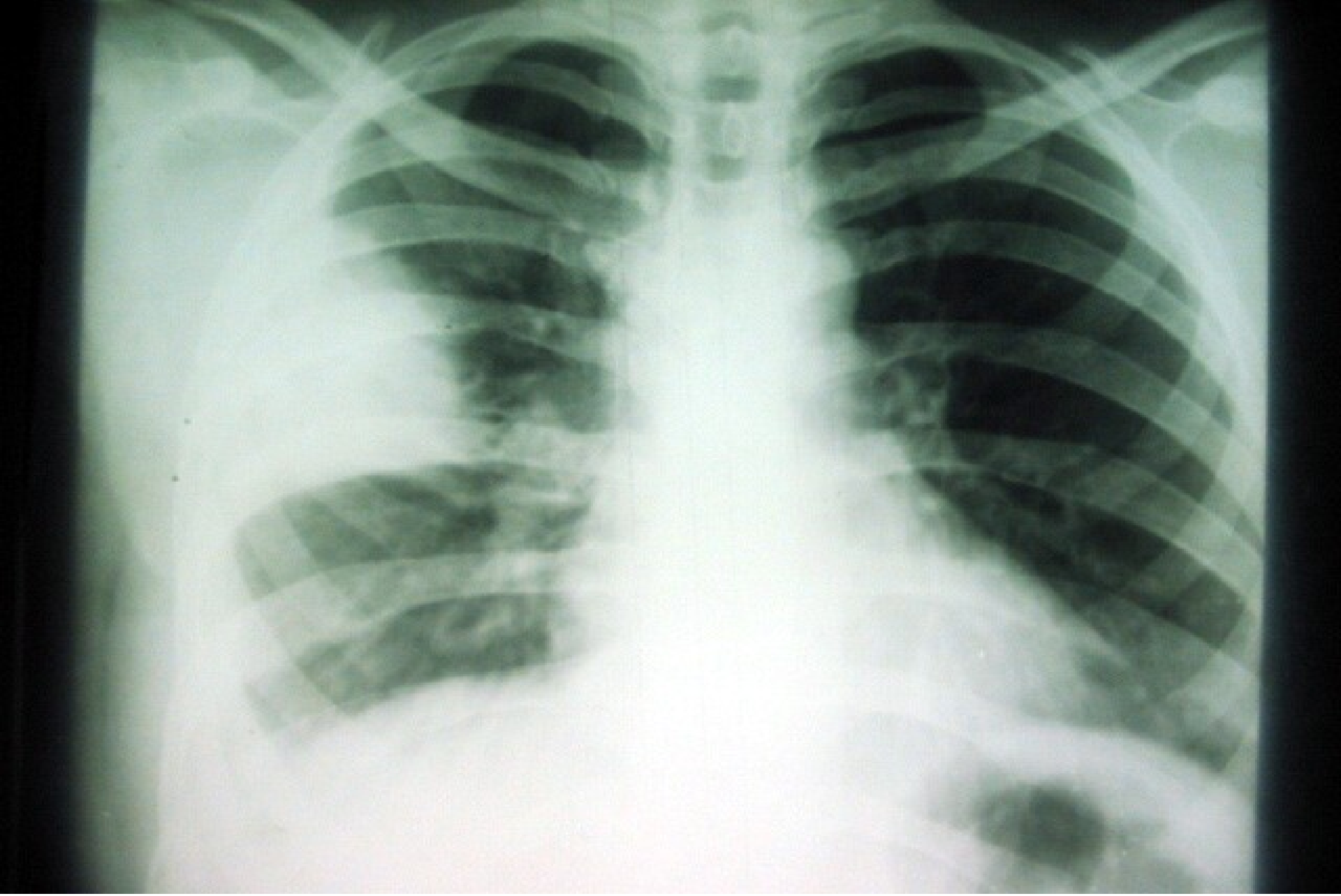
Ne grafite e prezentuara verehet zgjerim I rrugeve te frymemarrjes ku ekzaminimi eshte bere me bronhografi.



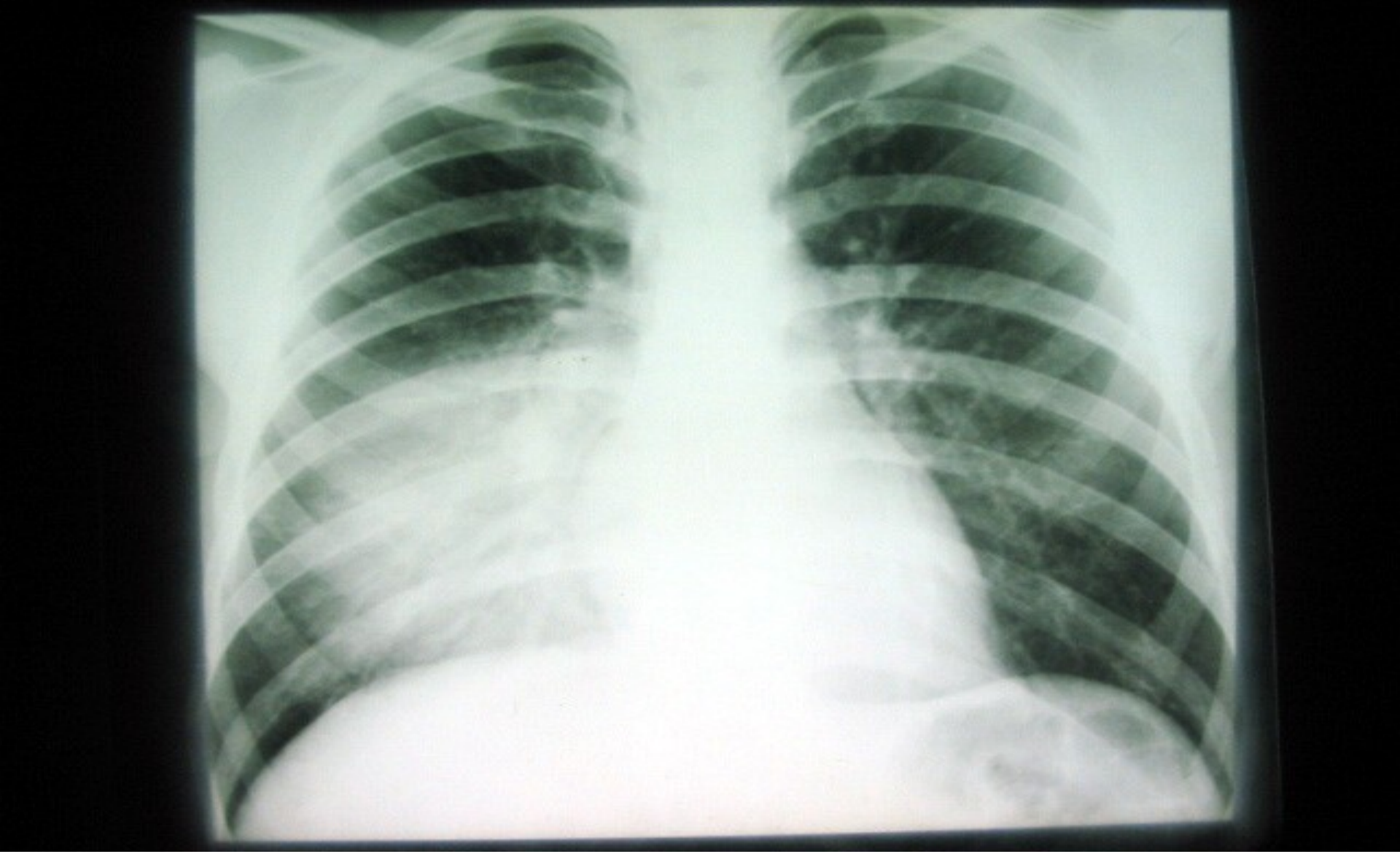
Krahasimi I dy grafive me prezencen e ajrit ne mes pleurave dhe nendiafragme(Prezenca e shumet e ajrit ne mushkri paraqitet me transparence si rrjedhoj e mosperthithjes se ajrit.)



- **Hijet ne grafi qe jane multifokale difuze inhomogjene-jo ne teresi homogjene I pergjigjen Tbc(miliare).**



Hijet ne forme trekandeshit me baze te gjere I pergjigjen infarktit pulmonal.(Diagnoza:Infarkt pulmonal)



Hija parakardial djathtas e cila paraqitet me imbibimin e intersticiumit me lenge ekstravazal-edem si rrjedhoje e infekcionit

Mielografi llumbale: ku prezentohet kontrasti ne kanalin spinal gjegjesisht ne hapsiren subarachnoidale

Aneurizem e arterjes cerebrale ne baze.

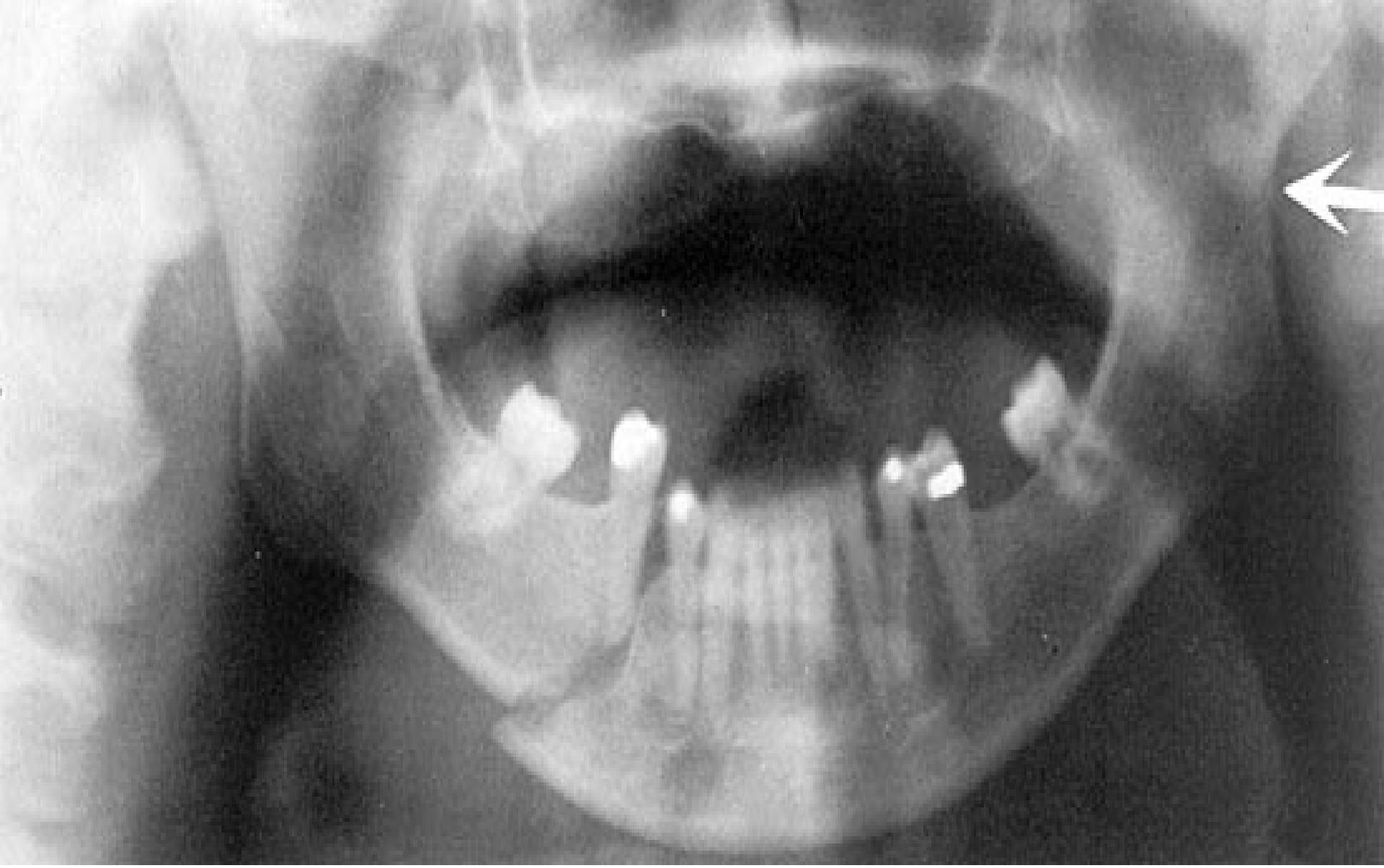
Imazhi I gjendrres salivare submandubullare-Sijallografija

Ne pjesen frontale te kockes verehet destrukcion i kockes qe i paraprin mielomes multiple.

- **Ekzaminimi I mastoideve ku duket procesi mastoid me qelizat pneumatike mastoidale.**

- Ne ket ımazh verejmı mjatt kjart vijen e fractures se densit e cila eshte forografu me CT ne rekonstrukcion ne 3D (SSD).Po te njejtin imazh e fitojmi edhe me ekzaminim klasik me rreze transorale.
- Ne imazhin e par shofim qvendosje te unazes C5mbi ate C6-spondylolistez.

- **Ne ket imazh kemi te prezentuar krahun e djathet te mandibulles ku verehet fraktur e saj me nje dislokim mesatar.edhe per anen e kundert eshte e njejt ekzaminimi**

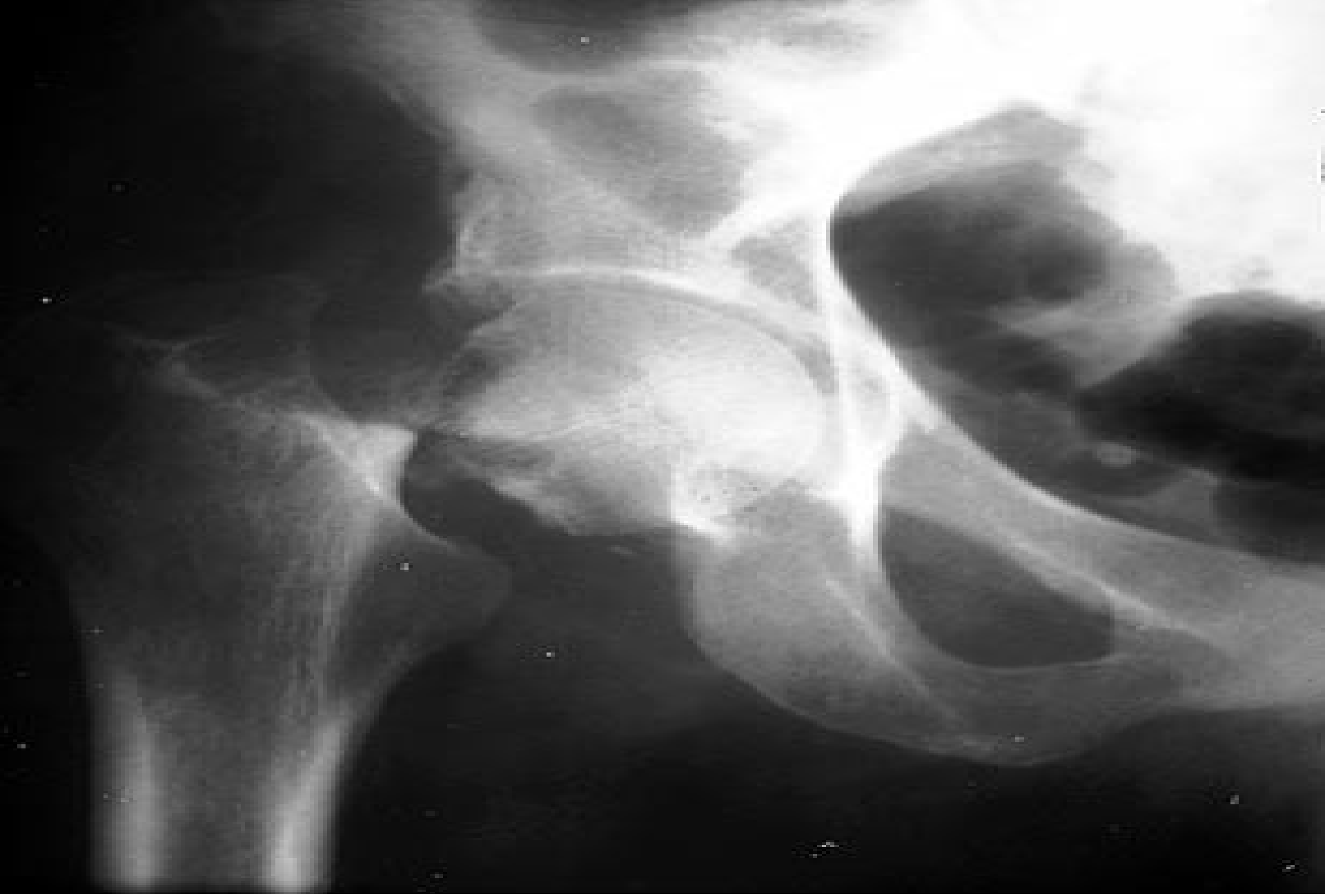


Ortopan i mandibulles.Ne kete ekzaminim duken edhe dhembet e nofulles se siperme dhe kan per qellim prezentimin e dhembeve te dy nofullave dhe raporti I tyre ne mes veti.

Ne imazhin e tibies verejm vijen e fractures me nje dislokim te leht dhe me edem te shprehur te indit te bute.

Verejm largim te kokes se femurit nga hapsira artikulare-acetabullumi qe paraqet luksacion koksofemoral.

Verehen vijat e frakturave te tibijes e cila duket kjart me raportet e kockes am.



- Fraktur e qafes se femurit me dislokim te aneve te kockes.

Luksacion I gjurit I cili duket ne nje posit harkore.

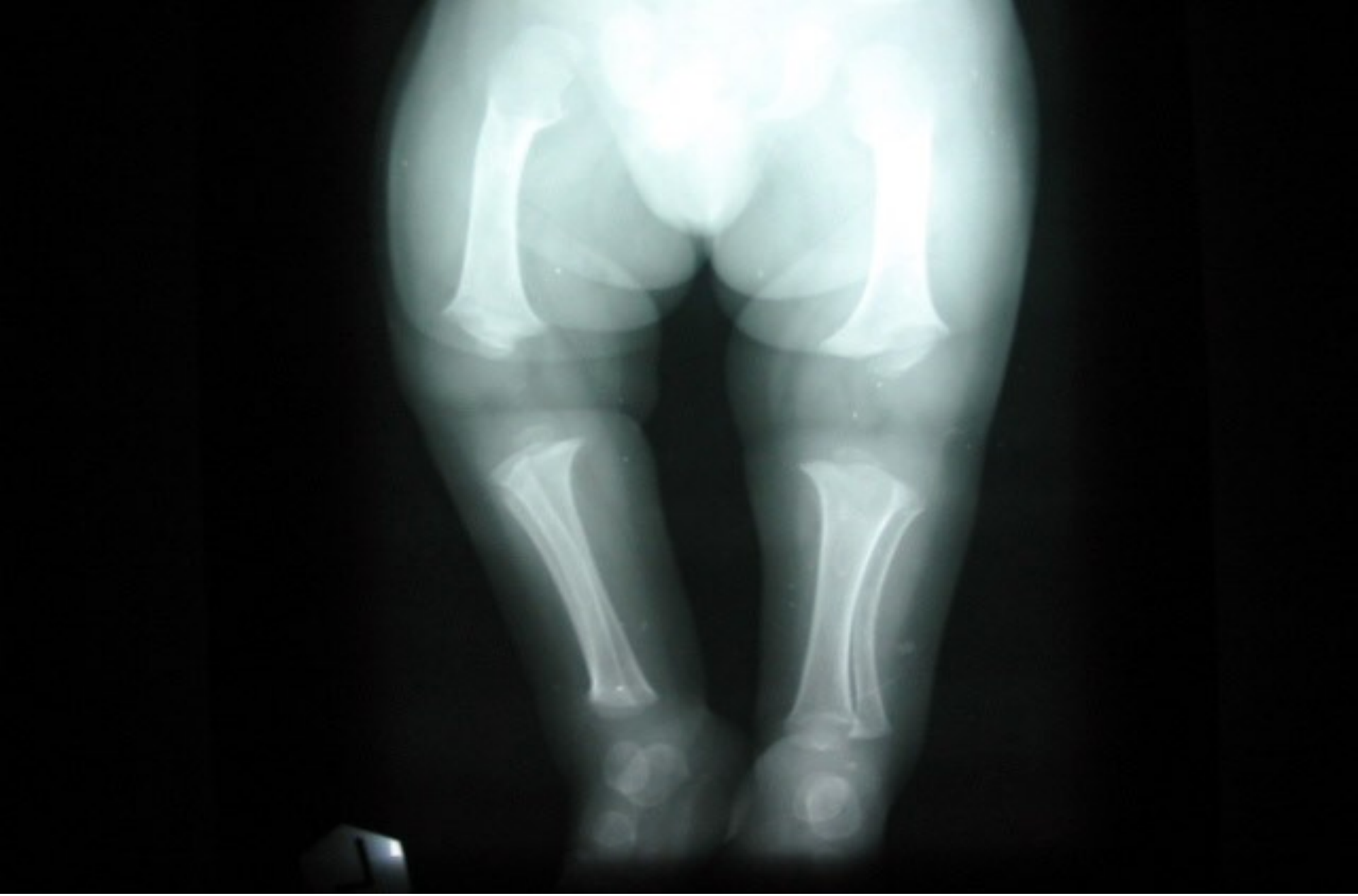
- Dislokim-luksacion I shprehur I artikulacionit te gjurit me nje dislokim te shprehur qe e shkaktojn efekte muskulare duke terheq skajet e kockave.

- Epifiziolise (fraktur e rrejshme) ne zonen osifikuese. Ne zonat osifikuese-epifiza ku akoma nuk ka ardhur deri tekbyllja e zones e rritjes,ka mundesi shpesh te ndosh largimi I kockave-fragmenteve kockore dhe te duket nje fraktur e cila quhet epifiziolize-rreshqitje e kockes ne zonen osifikuese.

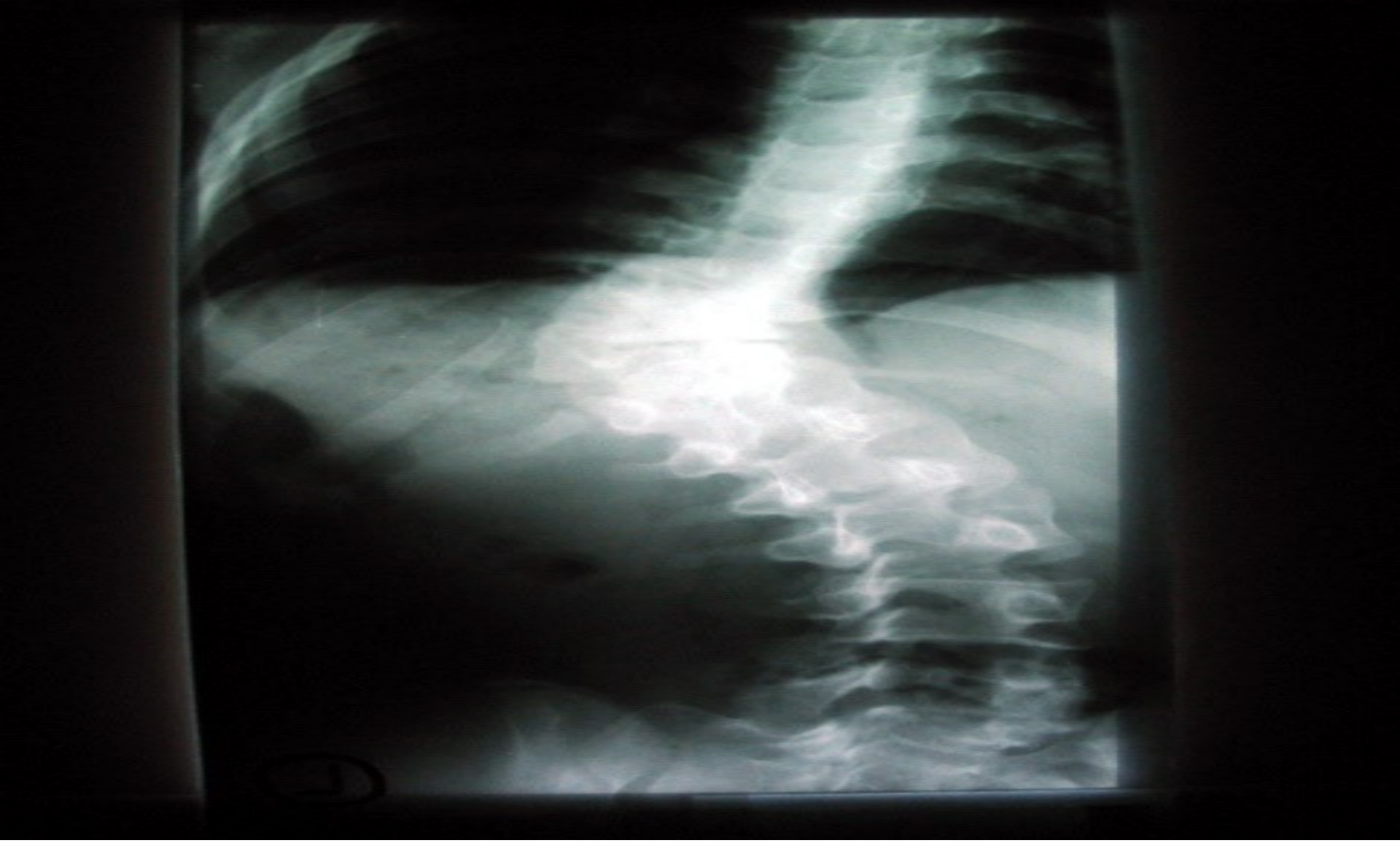
- Ne imazhin e prezentuar duket fraktura sipas vendit te lokalizuar quhet fraktura suprakondyllare,mbi kondyllat e humerusit me nje dislokim te shprehur qe paraqitet me edem te indeve te buta.

- **Fraktura e radiusit ne metafize si dhe fraktur e ulnes nen artikulacion.**
- **Nga keti imazhe shofim se sa ka rendesi te behet se bashku me kocken edhe njeri artikulaciuon per te par me mire raportet e kockes se frakturuar me kapsullen artikulare.**

- Fraktur e radiusin ne vendin e emruar loco-typiko.Duket vija e fractures kockore.pse quhet keshtu: sepse vendi I mbeshtetjes eshte tipik ne tenar te dores ku fizika e forces bie ne ate vend.



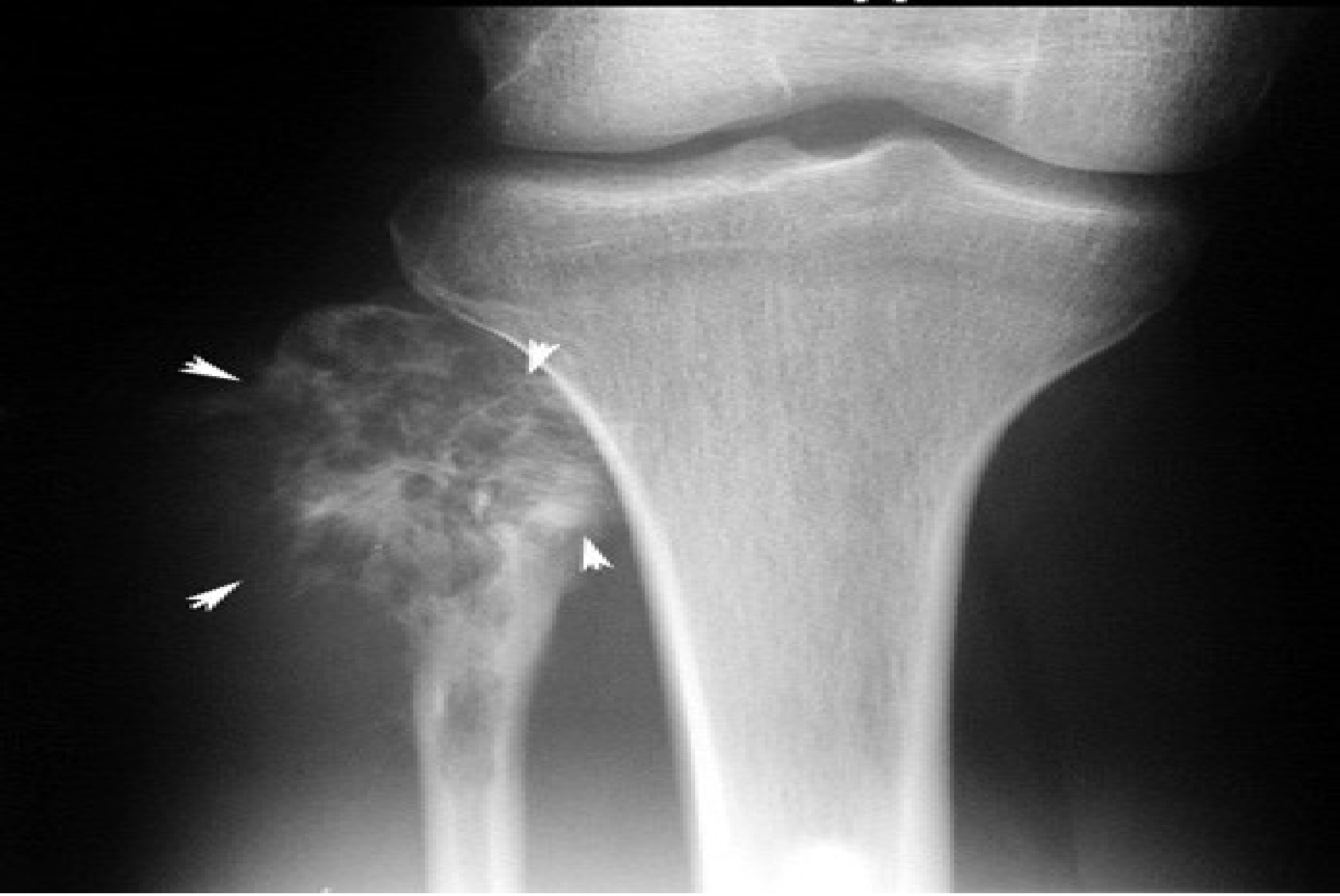
Anomali e kockave te femurit



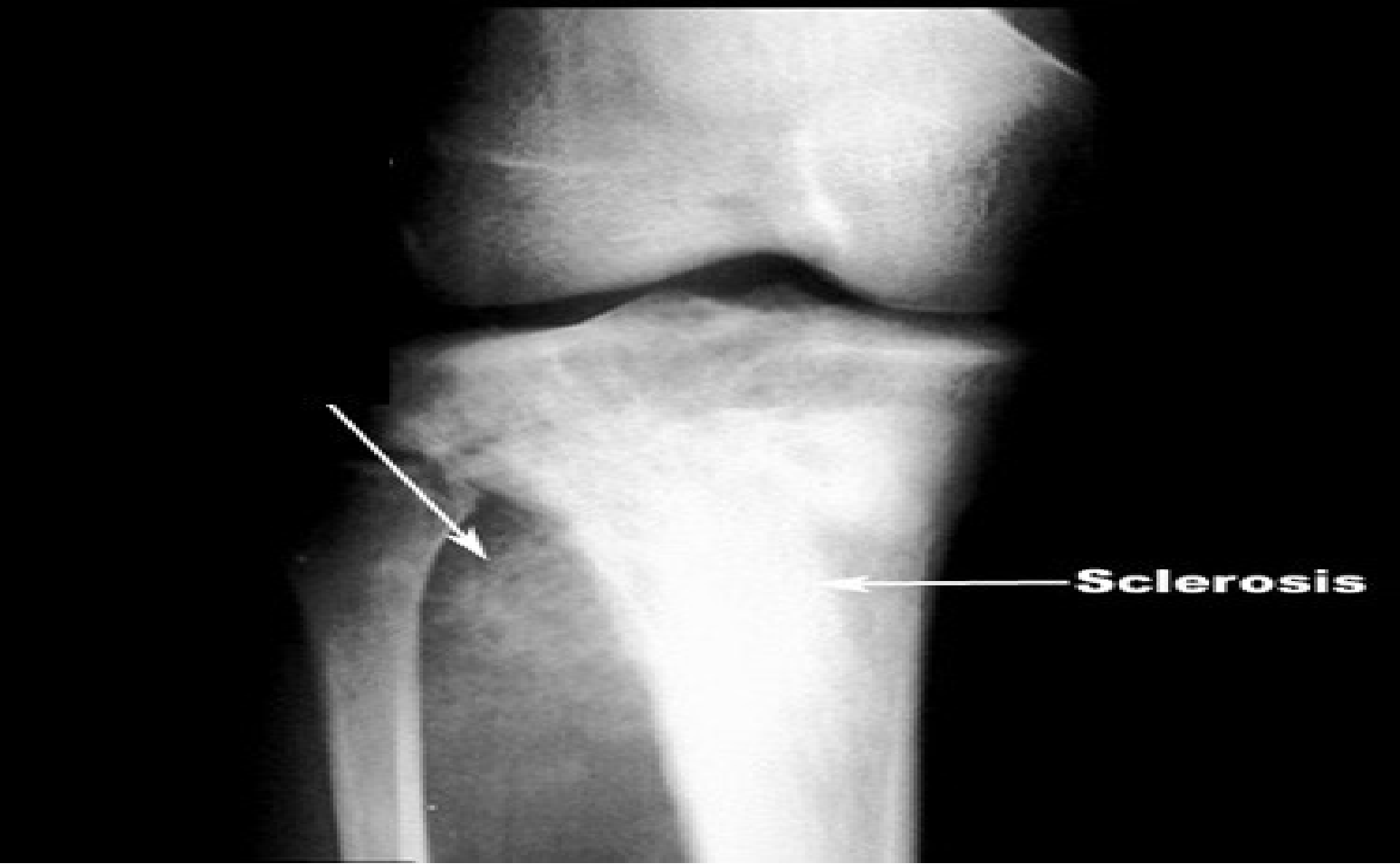
- Boshti kurrizor I prezentuar ne imazhin radiologjik ku duken ndryshime ne pozit si rrjedhoj e anomalise se lindur.

Ne imazhin e prezentuar verehet nje polidaktili-numer me I madh I gishterinjeve si rrjedhoj e anomalies se lindur-kongjentale

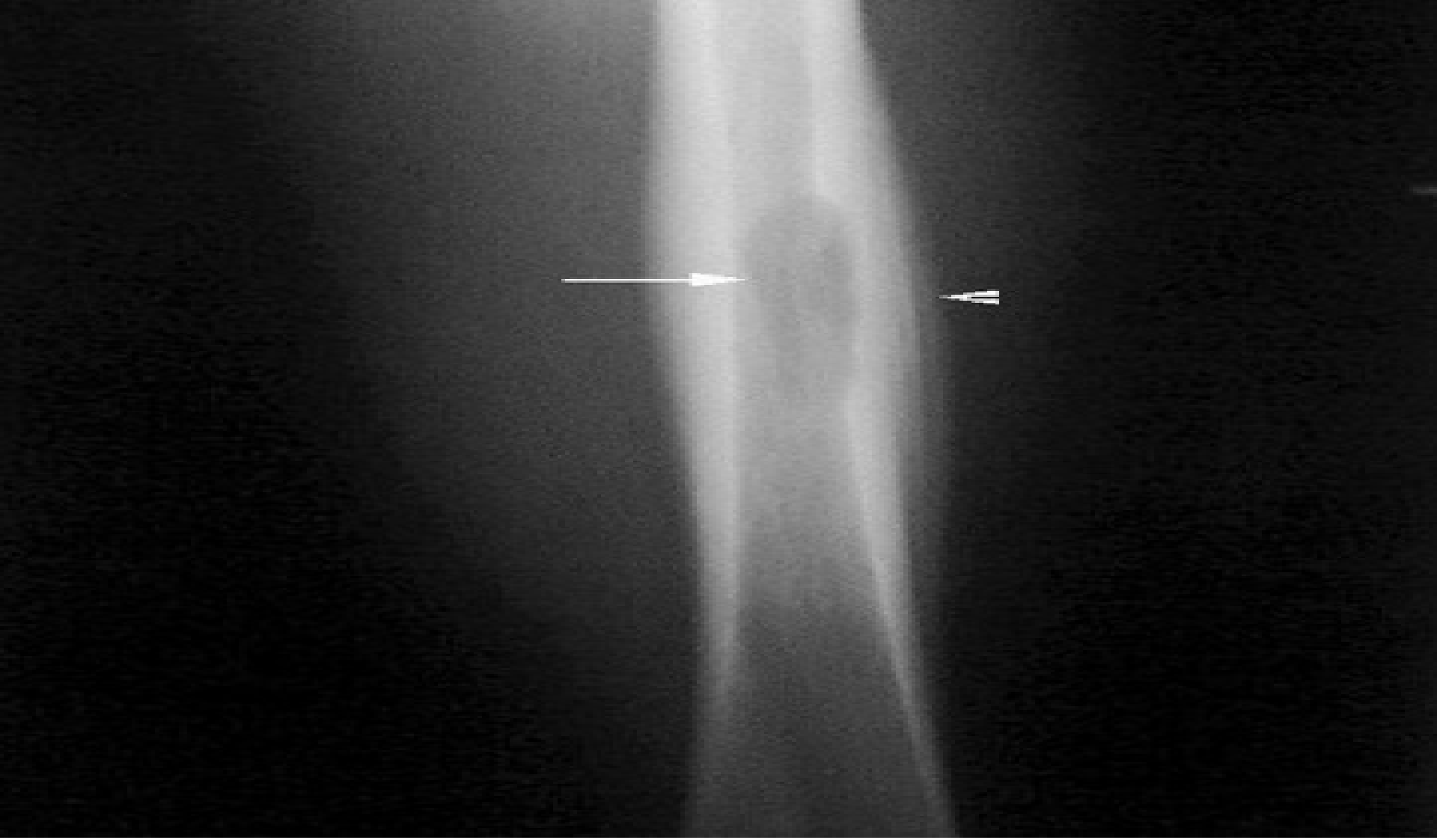
- **Ne imazhin e prezentuar verejemi nje rrallim te shprehur te structures kockore ne menyre difuze qe paraqesin semundje te ndryshme.**



- Sarkoma Osteogjenike e Fibules(osteosarkoma ne fibule):Desktruksion I ashtit me shfaqje si nxirrje nga dielli.



- Sarkoma osteogjenike e tibise:dukje si e djegur nga dielli me reaksion agresiv periostal dhe skleroze



- **Sarkoma Ewing e femurit:**
- Shigjeta:lezioni litik
- Maja e shigjetes:dukje e reaksionit periostal si ‘’levore e qepes’’